UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE

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SANTA BARBARA • SANTA CRUZ

Alzheimer's Disease Diagnostic and Research Center 1100 Medical Plaza Irvine, CA 92697-4285 Phone: (949) 824-ADTC (2382) Fax: (949) 824-3049 FAX http://www.mind.uci.edu

Date sent: _____

Thank you for calling the UCI Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders. Enclosed you will find two questionnaires which need **to be completed by the caregiver/informant** and returned in the postage-paid envelope immediately. If we do not receive the forms by ______, your appointment times may be forfeited and have to be rescheduled.

Sincerely,

Switaya (Ken) Krisnasmit Patient Care Coordinator UCI Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders

Peter Knaup Patient Care Coordinator UCI Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders

Completed By					
Informant Informa	Informant Information (Please Print * required):				
*Last name:					
*Phone number	·: () _		_		
	·				
				_	
				_	
_				_	
State:	Zipcode:				
Note: Please fill in	questions 1 thr	u 3 below a	about <mark>your</mark> s	self.	
1) Relationship: 1. £	Spouse or Spouse E	quivalent	6. £ Other Rel	ative	
2. £	C Son		7. £ Friend		
3. £	C Son-in-Law		8. \pounds Neighbor		
4. £	C Daughter		9. \pounds Paid Care	giver	
5. £	C Daughter-in-Law		99. £ Other: _		
2) Frequency Seen:	1. £ Once or more	e per day			
	2. £ Several time	s a week but les	ss than once a da	ау	
	3. £ About once p	oer week			
4. \pounds Less than once a week but two or three times a month					
	5. £ Once a mont	h			
	6. £ Less than on	ce a month			
3) Known for:	1. £ Less than 6 r	nonths	2. £ Less than	1 year	
	3. £ Less than 2	/ears	4. £ Less than	5 years	
	5. £ Less than 10	years	6. £ Greater th	han 10 years	
Please complete th	Please complete the attached questionnaire with the requested information				
about the SUBJEC	T or PATIENT na	med:			
Last:		First: _			
Please Enter D	ate Completed: _	/	/		
Completed By					
Institute for Memory Impairments a Core UDS Revision 1.2 – 2007-09-1		Page	Name:		
		1 of 1	PID:	Visit:	

Behavioral Changes (DSRS)

In each section, check the box that most closely applies to the patient. Please check only one selection per section.

- 1. Memory Please check only one of the following:
 - 1. o Normal, no memory loss
 - 2. o Occasional "benign" forgetfulness of no consequence
 - 3. o Mild consistent forgetfulness with partial recollection of events
 - 4. o Moderate memory loss; more marked for recent events and severe enough to interfere with everyday activities
 - 5. o Severe memory loss, only well-learned material retained with newly learned material rapidly lost
 - 6. O Only fragments remain. Usually unable to remember basic facts such as the day of week, month and/or year, when last meal was eaten, or the name of the next meal
 - 7. o Unable to test due to speech and language difficulty and/or inability to follow instructions
 - 8. o Makes no attempt to communicate and is no longer aware of surroundings. Recognizes significant persons in their lives (close family, caregiver, etc.), but expresses this nonverbally (e.g., through facial expressions, changes in agitated behaviors, receptiveness to feeding)
- 2. Orientation Please check only one of the following:
 - 1. o Normal, fully oriented to time and place
 - O Some difficulty with time relationships, but not severe enough to interfere with everyday activities
 - 3. o Frequently disoriented in time and sometimes disoriented to new places
 - 4. o Almost always disoriented in time and usually disoriented to place
 - 5. o Unable to answer questions related to time of day or name of present location. Oriented to person only, can find own room or bathroom
 - 6. o Is unaware of questioner and makes no attempt to respond

3. Judgment – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. o Normal, solves everyday problems and handles business and financial affairs well; judgment good in relation to past performance
- 2. o Slight or only doubtful impairment in problem solving
- 3. o Moderate difficulty in handling complex problems, but social judgments usually maintained
- 4. o Severe impairment in handling problems, social judgment usually impaired
- 5. o Unable to exercise judgment in either problem-solving or social situations

Behavioral Changes (DSRS)			
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Behavioral Changes (DSRS) cont.

4. Social Interactions / Community Affairs – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. o Independent function at usual level in job, shopping, volunteer and social groups
- O Only mild impairment, of no practical consequence, but clearly different from previous years; still able to work (if applicable) but performance not up to previous standards (e.g., takes a lower level job)
- 3. o Unable to function independently in community activities, although still able to participate to some extent and, to casual inspection, may appear normal; unable to hold a job or, if still working, requires constant supervision
- 4. O No pretense of independent function outside of home; unable to hold a job but still participates in home activities with friends; casual acquaintances are aware of a problem. Appears well enough to be taken to functions (e.g., meals) outside of home
- 5. O No longer participates in any meaningful way in home-based social activities involving people other than the primary caregiver. Appears to be too ill / impaired to be taken to functions outside of home

5. Home Activities / Responsibilities – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. o Normal; life at home, hobbies, intellectual interests are well maintained
- O Some impairment in activities such as money management and house maintenance, but no effect on ability to shop, cook, or clean; still watches TV and reads newspaper with interest and understanding. Hobbies and intellectual interests are slightly impaired
- 3. o Unable to perform activities related to money management (paying bills, etc.) or complex household tasks (maintenance); some difficulty with shopping, cooking and/or cleaning; losing interest in the newspaper and TV; more complicated hobbies and interests abandoned
- 4. O No longer able to shop, cook, or clean without considerable help and supervision; no longer able to read the newspaper or watch TV with understanding
- 5. o No significant function in home. No longer engages in any home-based activities

6. Personal Care – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. o Normal; fully capable of self-care
- 2. o Needs occasional prompting, but washes and dresses independently (i.e., he/she does most of it, but I help)
- 3. o Requires assistance with dressing, hygiene, and personal upkeep (i.e., I do most of it, but he/she helps)
- 4. o Totally dependent on others for help; does not initiate personal care activities

Behavioral Changes (DSRS) cont.			
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Behavioral Changes (DSRS) cont.

7. Speech / Language – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. o Normal
- 2. o Occasional difficulty with word finding, but able to carry on conversations
- 3. o Unable to think of some words, may occasionally make inappropriate word substitutions
- 4. O No longer spontaneously initiates conversations but can usually answer questions using sentences
- 5. o Answers questions, but responses are often unintelligible or inappropriate; able to follow simple instructions
- 6. O Speech usually unintelligible or irrelevant; unable to answer questions or follow verbal instructions
- 7. o No response when spoken to; vegetative

8. Recognition – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. o Normal
- 2. o Occasionally fails to recognize more distant acquaintances or casual friends
- 3. o Always recognizes family and close friends but usually not more distant acquaintances
- 4. o Alert, occasionally fails to recognize family and/or close friends
- 5. o Only occasionally recognizes spouse or caregiver
- 6. o No recognition or awareness of the presence of others

9. Feeding – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. o Normal
- 2. o May require help cutting food and/or have limitations to the type of food, but otherwise, able to eat independently
- 3. o Generally able to eat independently but may require some assistance
- 4. o Needs to be fed; may have difficulty swallowing or requires feeding tube

10. Incontinence – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. **o** Normal
- 2. o Rare incontinence; bladder incontinence (generally less than one accident per month)
- 3. o Occasional bladder incontinence (an average of two or more times a month)
- 4. o Frequent bladder incontinence despite assistance (more than once per week)
- 5. o Total incontinence

Behavioral Changes (DSRS) cont. Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders Page Name: UDS Revision 1.2 - 2008-07-18 2008© 3 of 4 PID: Visit:

Behavioral Changes (DSRS) cont.

11. Mobility / Walking – Please check only one of the following:

- 1. o Normal
- 2. o May occasionally have some difficulty driving or taking public transportation, but fully independent for walking without supervision
- 3. O Able to walk outside without supervision for short distances, but unable to drive or take public transportation
- 4. o Able to walk within the home without supervision, but cannot go outside unaccompanied (3)
- 5. o Requires supervision within the home, but able to walk without assistance (may use cane or walker)
- 6. o Generally confined to a bed or chair; may be able to walk a few steps with help
- 7. o Essentially bedridden, unable to sit or stand

Behavioral Changes (DSRS) cont.

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Alzheimer's Disease Diagnostic and Research Center

1100 Medical Plaza Irvine, CA 92697-4285 Phone: (949) 824-ADTC (2382) Fax: (949) 824-3049 FAX http://www.mind.uci.edu/

Thank you for your interest and commitment to our program. You are one of approximately 250 individuals who receive thorough neurological, physical, behavioral, and neuropsychological assessments at our clinic each year at no cost. Our goal is to better understand the aging process and improve the quality of life for older adults with memory or thinking problems. Your contribution will help us achieve these goals and is greatly appreciated.

Two appointments have been scheduled as follows:

NAME:			
NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT DATE: (Please allow a minimum of 2 ¹ / ₂ hours for this visit)	TIME:	AM	PM
NEUROLOGICAL ASSESSMENT DATE: (Please allow a minimum of 1 ½ hours for this visit)	TIME:	AM	PM

PLACE: Gottschalk Medical Plaza Building, Room 1100, University of California, Irvine, CA 92697-4285

Additional tests, such as brain imaging (*e.g.*, MRI, SPECT scans) and blood analysis may be recommended by the doctors in addition to the neurological and neuropsychological examinations and our staff can help you with scheduling these appointments.

We request that a family member or someone knowledgeable about the patient be present for the entire visit to answer questions about the patient's medical history and his/her social, behavioral, and functional abilities.

Cancellation/Rescheduling Policy

We will call you one week prior to your assessment to confirm your appointment(s). Please make every effort to keep your appointment(s) as short notice cancellations and reschedule requests create a hardship for the clinic. If you must cancel/reschedule, please call as early as possible at (949) 824-2382. We prefer a 10-day advance notice of cancellation.

We look forward to seeing you soon.

Sincerely,

Switaya (Ken) Krisnasmit Patient Care Coordinator UCI Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders

Enclosures: Patient/Caregiver Information Packet 2MCL-ADRC 6/20/08



Please use this checklist to help you and your family member prepare for your upcoming appointment

Patient

- Please be on time for appointments (if you arrive more than 15 minutes late, we may have to reschedule)
- Wear easy to remove clothing/shoes; no panty hose if possible

Bring the following:

- Glasses or hearing aids, if you use them
- Insurance cards (Medicare, Medi-Cal, supplemental and/or private insurance)
- Your Social Security number, date of birth, age, current address and phone number
- All current medications, including vitamins and nutritional supplements
- Durable power of attorney or an advanced healthcare directive, if you have them
- A knowledgeable family member or other informant with you
- A sweater or jacket as temperatures in the waiting and examination rooms vary

Caregiver/Informant

- Fill out the enclosed paperwork and bring it with you to the office visit
- If this is the patient's first visit and his/her medical records have not been mailed to the clinic, please bring them with you. This include the following:
 - Laboratory tests/bloodwork
 - Films (e.g., MRI, CT, PET scans)
 - Doctor's or medical reports
- Bring a sweater or jacket as temperatures in the waiting and examination rooms vary
- Please assist the patient by making sure they have all of the items listed on the left hand side of this form

Thank you again for your participation in this research project at the UCI Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders. We look forward to seeing you soon. If you have any questions, please call **(949) 824-2382** during office hours (Monday-Friday 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.).

Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders University of California, Irvine Longitudinal Study Program Multi-Step Assessment Process

Participants in our research program receive the following multi-step evaluation:

- *Clinical Evaluation:* The clinical evaluation typically involves two separate visits, each lasting between 1½ to 3 hours. A spouse, close friend, or relative who can provide information about the patient's past medical history and current abilities must be present at the time of the evaluation. The comprehensive clinical evaluation includes: (1) neurological and physical examinations; (2) neuropsychological testing to assess memory and other cognitive abilities (e.g. attention, language, visual-spatial, and reasoning skills); and (3) family interview to gather information related to the patient's social, behavioral, and functional abilities. There is no charge for this portion of the examination. Additional diagnostic tests such as brain imaging (*e.g.*, MRI, CT, or SPECT scan) and blood tests may be recommended and our staff can help schedule these appointments.
- *Family Conference:* One to two months after the clinical evaluation, the patient and his/her family are invited to participate in a "family conference." During this 2-hour conference, members of the team review the results of the evaluation and discuss the diagnosis and treatment plan in detail. When appropriate, referrals to other specialists and/or community agencies for additional services are provided.
- **Comprehensive Report:** Following the family conference, a comprehensive letter describing the findings from the clinical evaluation and treatment recommendations is mailed to the patient, his or her primary care physician and other designated parties.
- *Follow-Up Call:* Three to six months after the family conference, one of our staff will contact the informant or family member to inquire about the implementation of treatment recommendations and obtain feedback on which recommendations have been most helpful.

For more information call (949) 824-2382 or write to:

Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders University of California, Irvine 1100 Gottschalk Medical Plaza Irvine, CA 92697-4285

SFA-ADRC 6/19/2008

5 or 405 Freeway

From the north: Exit at Jamboree Road and turn Right (West) Turn Right on Jamboree Road Turn Left on Campus Drive Turn Right on University Drive Turn Left on California Turn Left on Academy Turn Right on Medical Plaza Dr. Park in "Patient Parking"

5 or 405 Freeway

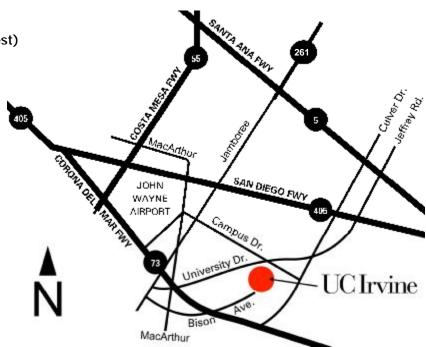
From the south: Exit Jeffery/University, go Left (West) Follow University for several miles Turn Left on California Turn Left on Academy Turn Right on Medical Plaza Dr. Park in "Patient Parking"

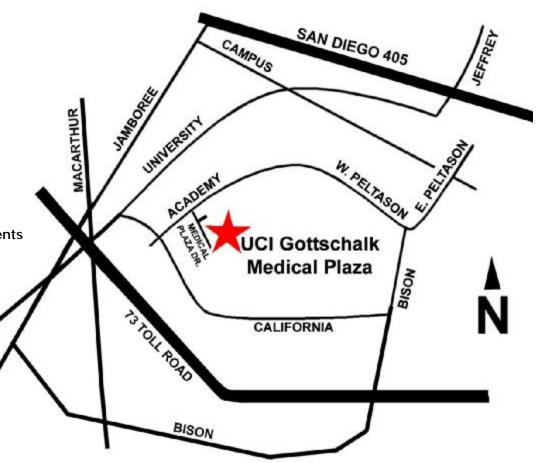
73 Freeway / Toll way From the north: Exit at University Drive Left on University Drive Right on California Avenue Left on Academy Right on Medical Plaza Dr. Park in "Patient Parking"

73 Freeway / Toll way From the south: Exit at Bison Avenue Right on Bison Avenue

Left on California Right on Academy Right on Medical Plaza Dr. Park in "Patient Parking"

Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders 1100 Gottschalk Medical Plaza Irvine, CA 92697-4285 (949) 824-2382





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SANTA BARBARA · SANTA CRUZ

INSTITUTE for MEMORY IMPAIRMENTS and NEUROLOGICAL DISORDERS

1100 Medical Plaza Drive Irvine, CA 92697-4285 Phone: (949) 824-2382 Fax: (949) 824-3049 http://www.mind.uci.edu

Dear Patient and Family Members,

An area of concern often expressed by family members is the safe driving competence of a patient diagnosed with a dementia such as Alzheimer's disease.

California physicians are required to report patients diagnosed with a dementia to the local health department. In addition, physicians must report other neurological conditions that would likely interfere with safe driving including, but not limited to, seizures. The local health departments send the reports to the California Department of Health Services, which forwards them to the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV). The reports are used by the DMV to evaluate the driving competence of the persons reported. The purpose of reporting and evaluating the driving competence of persons is to prevent motor vehicle accidents by restricting unsafe drivers from California roadways.

The patient's driving competence may be diminished with progressive deficits in memory, impaired orientation to time or space, and impaired judgment. Impaired executive functioning, reflected for example by low scores on part B of the Trail Making Test, may be associated with an increased risk for car accidents.

The DMV may assess the patient's driving competence by a road test. When action is taken in cases of Alzheimer's disease and related disorders, it is most often restriction, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege. Possible restrictions include limiting driving to certain places or times. After evaluating the reported person's driving competence, the DMV will take action most appropriate to the specific case.

The Alzheimer's Assessment Center is required to report any patient diagnosed with a dementia as well as other conditions, as indicated above. We will be following this law. If you have any questions about this procedure, please contact us at (949) 824-2382.

Sincerely,

(the M.O.

Gaby T. Thai, M.D. Associate Clinical Professor Department of Neurology UCI Alzheimer's Disease Research and Treatment Center Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders

Patient Label

UNIVERSITY of CALIFORNIA · IRVINE HEALTHCARE AUTHORIZATION TO OBTAIN INFORMATION FROM OUTSIDE HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS

Patient Name:

Medical Record Number:

Date of Birth:

I the undersigned hereby authorize:

Name of physician or facility to release health information

Physician or Facility Street address

City, State

Zip Code

Telephone

Fax Number

To be released to:

- UCI Family Health Center Anaheim 300 W. Carl Karcher Way, Anaheim, CA 92801
- UCI Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders 1100 Medical Plaza Dr., Irvine, CA 92697
- UCI Manchester Pavilion Orange 200 South Manchester Ave., Orange, CA 92868
- UCI Medical Pavilions Orange 101 The City Drive South, Orange, CA 92868
- UCI Family Health Center Santa Ana 800 N. Main Street, Santa Ana, CA 92701

UCI Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders, P: (949) 824-2382 F: (949) 824-3049

UC Irvine Healthcare Unit and/or Clinic requesting Health Information

Information to be RELEASED

Discharge Summary	Laboratory Reports	Emergency Medicine Reports
Billing Statements	Dental Records	History & Physical Exams
Pathology Reports	Operative Reports	Diagnostic Imaging Reports
🖾 EKG	🛛 Radiology Reports	Consultations
Progress Notes	Outpatient Clinic Reco	ords
Vaccinations/Immuniz	ations	
Other		

SPECIFY THE DATE OR TIME PERIOD FOR INFORMATION SELECTED ABOVE

SPECIFIC AUTHORIZATIONS

The following information will not be released unless you specifically authorize it by marking the relevant box(es) below:

☐ I specifically authorize the release of information pertaining to drug and alcohol abuse diagnosis or treatment (42 C.F.R. 12343456 §§2.34 and 2.35).

I specifically authorize the release of information pertaining to mental health diagnosis or treatment (Welfare and Institutions Code §§5328, *et seq.*)

I specifically authorize the release of HIV/AIDS testing information (Health and Safety Code $\S_120980(g)$).

I specifically authorize the release of genetic testing information (Health and Safety Code § 124980(g)).

Patient Label

THE PURPOSE OF THIS RELEASE IS (check one or more)

- Continuity of care or discharge planning
- Billing and payment of bill
 - At the request of the patient/patient representative
 - Other (state reason)

<u>NOTICE</u>

UC Irvine Healthcare and many other organizations and individuals such as physicians, hospitals and health plans are required by law to keep your health information confidential. If you have authorized the disclosure of your health information to someone who is not legally required to keep it confidential, it may no longer be protected by state or federal confidentiality laws.

MY RIGHTS

- I understand this authorization is voluntary. Treatment, payment enrollment or eligibility for benefits may not be conditioned on signing this authorization except if the authorization is for: 1) conducting research-related treatment, 2) to obtain information in connection with eligibility or enrollment in a health plan of which, 3) to determine an entity's obligation to pay a claim, or 4) to create health information to provide to a third party. Under no circumstances, however, am I required to authorize the release of mental health records.
- I understand that I have the right to revoke this authorization at any time. I understand that if I revoke this authorization, I must do so in writing and present my written revocation to the Health Care provider listed above. I understand that the revocation will not apply to information that has already been released in response to this authorization.
- I am entitled to receive a copy of this Authorization.
- Photocopy/Faxed copy may be used as an original.

EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATION

Unless otherwise revoked, this authorization expires ______ (insert applicable date or event). If no date is indicated, this authorization will expire 12 months after date of signing this form.

<u>SIGNATURE</u>

(Signature of Patient or Patient's Legal Representative)

Date:_____

Printed Name

Time: _____ AM/PM

(If signed by someone other than the patient, state your legal	L
Relationship to the patient/authority)	

Witness or Translator

Completed By					
Informant Informa	Informant Information (Please Print * required):				
*Last name:					
*Phone number	·: () _		_		
	·				
				_	
				_	
_				_	
State:	Zipcode:				
Note: Please fill in	questions 1 thr	u 3 below a	about <mark>your</mark> s	self.	
1) Relationship: 1. £	Spouse or Spouse E	quivalent	6. £ Other Rel	ative	
2. £	C Son		7. £ Friend		
3. £	C Son-in-Law		8. \pounds Neighbor		
4. £	C Daughter		9. \pounds Paid Care	giver	
5. £	C Daughter-in-Law		99. £ Other: _		
2) Frequency Seen:	1. £ Once or more	e per day			
	2. £ Several time	s a week but les	ss than once a da	ау	
	3. £ About once p	oer week			
4. \pounds Less than once a week but two or three times a month					
	5. £ Once a mont	h			
	6. £ Less than on	ce a month			
3) Known for:	1. £ Less than 6 r	nonths	2. £ Less than	1 year	
	3. £ Less than 2	/ears	4. £ Less than	5 years	
	5. £ Less than 10	years	6. £ Greater th	han 10 years	
Please complete th	Please complete the attached questionnaire with the requested information				
about the SUBJEC	T or PATIENT na	med:			
Last:		First: _			
Please Enter D	ate Completed: _	/	/		
Completed By					
Institute for Memory Impairments a Core UDS Revision 1.2 – 2007-09-1		Page	Name:		
		1 of 1	PID:	Visit:	

Subject Demographic Information

Subject Demographic information				
Date of Birth:				
1. Date of Birth: / / / (i.e., Month / Day / Year)				
2. Place of Birth (Please list City, State or City, Country):				
 3. 1. £ Yes 0. £ No Is the patient from a multiple birth (i.e., twin, triplet, etc.)? A. If 3 is Yes please indicate Twin Type: 1. £ Fraternal 2. £ Identical 9. £ Unknown 				
Sex: 4. £ Male £ Female				
Ethnicity:				
 5. 1.£ Yes 0.£ No Are you Spanish / Hispanic / Latino (if yes, please select region below) A. 1. £ North American (e.g., Mexican, Mexican-American, Chicano, etc.) 2. £ South American 5. £ Cuban 3. £ Central American 6. £ Haitian 4. £ Puerto Rican 7. £ Dominican 99. £ Other (specify)				
Race:				
 6. 1. £ American Indian (North/South/Central American)/Alaskan Native (Aleut and Eskimo) 2. £ Asian 3. £ Asian Indian 8. £ Hmong 4. £ Cambodian 5. £ Chinese 10. £ Laotian 6. £ Filipino 11. £ Vietnamese 7. £ Japanese 				
 12. £ Black, African-American 13. £ Caucasian / White 14. £ Pacific Islander 15. £ Native Hawaiian 16. £ Guamanian 17. £ Samoan 				
99. £ Other Race (specify)				
Handedness: 7. Which is the patient's dominant hand (i.e., hand used to write or throw with)? 1. £ Right 2. £ Left 3. £ Both (Ambidextrous)				
First Language Learned: 8. 1. £ English 4. £ Korean 99. £ Other (specify) 2. £ Spanish 5. £ Cantonese 3. £ Vietnamese 6. £ Mandarin				
Primary Language Spoken: 9. 1. £ English 4. £ Korean 99. £ Other (specify) 2. £ Spanish 5. £ Cantonese 3. £ Vietnamese 6. £ Mandarin				
Subject Demographic Information				
Research Name:				
UCI MIND 2009© Page 1 of 3 PID: Core UDS 2.0 Version 1.0 10/19/2009 Page 1 of 3 Visit:				

Subject Demographic Information

Sexual Orientation/Identity:

- 10. Does the subject consider him/herself to be?
 - 1. $\mathbf{\pounds}$ Heterosexual or straight
 - 2. £ Gay or Lesbian
 - 3. £ Bisexual
 - 8. £ No Answer
 - 9. £ Don't Know

Marital Status:

- **11.** 1. $\mathbf{\pounds}$ Never Married 4. $\mathbf{\pounds}$ Divorced
 - 2. £ Married 5. £ Separated
 - 3. £ Widowed 6. £ Living as Married
 - 99. £ Other (specify) ___

Living Situation:

- 12. 1. £ Living in household Alone
 - 2. £ Living in household with Spouse / Spouse equivalent only
 - 8. \pounds Living in household with Spouse / Spouse equivalent and others
 - 3. £ Living in household with Relatives
 - 4. £ Living in household with Non-Relatives Only
 - 5. £ Living in Health Related Facility
 - 6. £ Assisted Living Facility
 - 7. £ Retirement Community
 - 99. £ Other (specify) ____

Independence:

13. Check the box for the category which best describes the level of activity the subject is "Able to do."

- 1. £ Able to live independently
- 2. £ Requires some assistance with complex activities (Finances, Shopping)
- 3. £ Requires some assistance with basic activities (Eating, Dressing, Bathing)
- 4. £ Completely dependent

Driver's License:

14. 1. £ Yes 0. £ No Does the subject have a valid driver's license?

Driving Status:

15. What is the subject's current driving status?

- 1. £ Never drove
- 2. £ Does not drive
- 3. £ Currently Driving
 - a) If currently driving, how well does the subject drive?
 - (1) £ Drives to previous standards (no problems)
 - (2) $\mathbf{\mathfrak{L}}$ Drives but needs assistance

If needs assistance, please check all that apply

- 1. £ Drives but needs assistance with directions
- 2. £ Drives but has gotten lost multiple times recently
- 3. £ Drives but has had minor accidents in the last year

a. How many?

- 4. £ Drives but has had to call to get assistance
- 5. £ Family would not feel safe if they were a passenger in vehicle

Subject Demographic Information

UCI MIND 2009©	Research Page 2 of 3	Name: PID:
Core UDS 2.0 Version 1.0 10/19/2009	1 age 2 01 5	Visit:

Subject Demographic Information

Subject Den	lographic information
Annual Income: 16. 1. £ Less than \$15,000 2. £ \$15,000 - \$20,000 3. £ \$21,000 - \$40,000 4. £ \$41,000 - \$60,000	above w
Occupation: 17. A. Current / Prior Occupation (specify) _ B. Current Working Status 1. £ Full-time (more than 35 hours pe 2. £ Part-time (less than 35 hours pe	er week) r week)
3. £ Retired - Date: / 4. £ Never worked	(Month / Year)
99. £ Other (specify)	
Education: 18. Please indicate highest certificate or (A. 1. £ No Formal Schooling 2. £ Grade School (6 years) 3. £ Jr. High School (8 years) 4. £ High School (12 years)	 5. £ Associate / Two-Year College (14 years) 6. £ Bachelors (16 years) 7. £ Masters (18 years)
B. Total Years of Education:	
Subject Der	nographic Information
R	esearch Name: ge 3 of 3 PID: Visit:

Subject Family History Worksheet

Please complete the following worksheet pages to the best of your ability.

The purpose of this form is to gather information concerning the subject's family history. To assist you in completing the following questions, we have provided definitions for certain specific terms.

The following apply to Father / Mother / Siblings / Children:

- <u>Biological</u> for siblings means having the same mother or the same father and for children means the subject is one of the biological parents.
- <u>Age first noticed</u> refers to the age at which the symptoms began, not the age at which a formal diagnosis was made.
- <u>Senility or Dementia</u> refers to an impairment in memory and one or more other cognitive abilities, such as reasoning, language, or perceptual skills, that is sufficient to interfere with the person's social or occupational functioning and represents a significant decline from his/her previous level of functioning. There can be many different causes (etiology) of dementia including stroke, head injury, and Alzheimer's disease.
- <u>Memory problems</u> category should be marked when the person showed significant memory impairment but did not meet criteria for a dementia. This can include 'Mild Cognitive Impairment' (MCI) where the person is very forgetful but can still function relatively well in daily life activities.
- The <u>Alzheimer's Disease</u> category should be marked when the cause of the person's dementia was identified as being due to this disease either through a formal medical diagnosis or by brain autopsy.
- <u>Psychiatric Illness</u> category includes disorders such as paranoia, schizophrenia, and bipolar disorder.
- <u>Stroke/TIA</u> category includes a stroke or 'brain attack' which involve the sudden death of brain cells due to lack of oxygen when blood to the brain is impaired by a blockage (clot) or rupture of an artery. A TIA (transient ischemic attack) is a ministroke due to a temporary lack of blood/oxygen to the brain with symptoms lasting minutes to hours.
- **Depression** has been clinically diagnosed by a physician.
- Parkinson's disease has been clinically diagnosed by a physician.

Subject Family History Worksheet			
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Subject Family History Worksheet

Please enter the following information on for the subject's mother and father.

		Check	
	Birth Year	if deceased	Deceased Year
1. Mother			
2. Father			

If applicable, indicate the age at which the following symptom(s) were first noticed for mother and father. If a symptom was <u>present</u> but the age first noticed is unknown then please place a question mark (?) in the box for that symptom.

	Age first noticed			Check all that apply			
	Senility or Dementia (example = 82)	Memory Problems (example = 62)	Alzheimer's Disease (example = 67)	Psychiatric Illness (example = 57)	Stroke	Depression	Parkinson's Disease
3. Mother							
4. Father							

5. How many biological siblings (brothers and sisters) does the subject have? ____

6. How many biological children does the subject have? ____

Please indicate in the chart below the <u>number</u> of siblings and/or children that were affected by the following conditions.

		Ir	dicate the	total numb	er affected	t	
	Senility or Dementia	Memory Problems	Alzheimer's Disease	Psychiatric Illness	Stroke	Depression	Parkinson's Disease
7. Siblings							
8. Children							

Ś	y Worksheet	
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Medicati	on Treatment His	story
Aricept		
1. o Yes o No Has the subject even	er taken Aricept?	
If Yes, then please answer the f A. o Yes o No Is the subjec	-	
If NO, please indication the re (1)O Did not help (2)O Abdominal Pain/Cram (3)O Agitation/Restlessness (4)O Anorexia (5)O Confusion	(6) O Diarrhea ps (7) O Dizziness s (8) O Fatigue (9) O Headache	(11) O Nightmares (12) O Nausea (13) O Weight Loss
Please indicated the amount $(1)O < 1$ Month $(2)O 1-2$ (4)O 7-12 Months (5)O > 12	Months (3)O 3-6 Mont	
Exelon Tablets 2. • Yes • No Has the subject even If Yes, then please answer the f A. • Yes • No Is the subject	ollowing:	?
If NO, please indication the re (1)O Did not help (2)O Abdominal Pain/Cram (3)O Agitation/Restlessness (4)O Anorexia (5)O Confusion Please indicated the amou	eason(s) for stopping ((6) O Diarrhea ps (7) O Dizziness s (8) O Fatigue (9) O Headache (10) O Insomnia unt of time Exelon was	(11) O Nightmares (12) O Nausea (13) O Weight Loss (14) O Vomiting (99) O Other: used:
(4) O 7-12 Months (5) O > 12		
	n Treatment H	History
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Med	Medication Treatment History					
Exelon Patches						
3. o Yes o No Has the subje	ct ever taken Exe	on Transderma	al Patches?			
If Yes, then please answer A. o Yes o No Is the s	•	he Exelon Patc	n?			
If NO, please indication (1)O Did not help (2)O Abdominal Pain/ (3)O Agitation/Restles (4)O Anorexia (5)O Confusion Please indicated the (1)O < 1 Month (2)C (4)O 7-12 Months (5)C	(6) O Dian Cramps (7) O Dizz ssness (8) O Fati (9) O Hea (10) O Inso amount of time E o 1-2 Months (3) O	rrhea ziness gue dache omnia xelon patch wa	 (11) O Nightmares (12) O Nausea (13) O Weight Loss (14) O Vomiting (99) O Other: 			
Razadyne / Reminyl 4. o Yes o No Has the subje If Yes, then please answer A. o Yes o No Is the s	the following:	-	yl?			
If NO, please indication (1)O Did not help (2)O Abdominal Pain/ (3)O Agitation/Restles (4)O Anorexia (5)O Confusion	the reason(s) for (6)O Dial Cramps (7)O Dizz	stopping (chec rhea ziness gue dache				
Please indicated the (1)O < 1 Month (2)C (4)O 7-12 Months (5)C	o 1-2 Months (3)	-	sed:			
Medica	ation Treat	ment Hist	orv			
UCI MIND 2009©	Research	Name: PID:				
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Visit:

Medication Treatment History

5. o Yes o No Has the subject ever taken Namenda? If Yes, then please answer the following: A. o Yes o No Is the subject still taking Namenda? If NO, please indication the reason(s) for stopping (check all that apply): 0 O Dia not help 00 Diazrhea 00 Nightmares 0 Abdominal Pain/Cramps 00 Diaziness 00 Nausea 0 Agitation/Restlessness 00 Fatigue 00 Weight Loss 0 Anorexia 00 Headache 00 Vomiting 0 Confusion 00 Headache 00 Vomiting 0 Constipation 00 Headache 00 Vomiting 0 Constipation 00 Homena was used: 0 A norexia 00 Insomnia Please indicated the amount of time Namenda was used: 0 0 < 1 Month 00 1-2 months 00 3-6 Months 0 0 7-12 Months 00 > 12 Months
A. o Yes o No Is the subject still taking Namenda? If NO, please indication the reason(s) for stopping (check all that apply): (1) O Did not help (7) O Diarrhea (13) O Nightmares (2) O Abdominal Pain/Cramps (8) O Dizziness (14) O Nausea (3) O Agitation/Restlessness (9) O Fatigue (15) O Weight Loss (4) O Anorexia (10) O Headache (16) O Vomiting (5) O Confusion (11) O Hypertension (99) O Other: (6) O Constipation (12) O Insomnia Please indicated the amount of time Namenda was used: (1) O < 1 Month (2) O 1-2 months (3) O 3-6 Months
If NO, please indication the reason(s) for stopping (check all that apply): (1) Did not help (7) Diarrhea (13) O Nightmares (2) Abdominal Pain/Cramps (8) Dizziness (14) O Nausea (3) O Agitation/Restlessness (9) O Fatigue (15) O Weight Loss (4) O Anorexia (10) O Headache (16) O Vomiting (5) O Confusion (11) O Hypertension (99) O Other: (6) O Constipation (12) O Insomnia Please indicated the amount of time Namenda was used: (1) O (1) O 1 Month (2) O 1-2 months
(1) O Did not help(7) O Diarrhea(13) O Nightmares(2) O Abdominal Pain/Cramps(8) O Dizziness(14) O Nausea(3) O Agitation/Restlessness(9) O Fatigue(15) O Weight Loss(4) O Anorexia(10) O Headache(16) O Vomiting(5) O Confusion(11) O Hypertension(99) O Other:(6) O Constipation(12) O InsomniaPlease indicated the amount of time Namenda was used:(1) O < 1 Month
Medication Treatment History
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Functional Activities Questionnaire (Informant)

Within the last 30 days, did the subject have any difficulty or need help with any of the following areas because of cognitive dysfunction? (*i.e.*, *problems with memory or other thinking abilities*)

All questions require a Single selection to be made.	Normal (or) Never did, but could do now	Has difficulty, but does by self (or) Never did, but would have difficulty now	Requires Assistance	Dependant on others
 Writing checks, paying bills, balancing a checkbook 	ο	ο	о	ο
 Assembling taxes, managing business affairs, or papers 	0	о	ο	ο
 Shopping alone for clothes, groceries, household necessities 	0	о	ο	ο
4. Playing a game or skill, working on a hobby	0	о	ο	ο
 Heating water, making a cup of coffee (tea) and turning off stove 	0	о	ο	ο
6. Preparing a balanced meal	0	о	ο	ο
7. Keeping track of current events	0	о	ο	ο
8. Paying attention and understanding a T.V. program, discussing a book / newspaper article	0	о	ο	ο
9. Remembering appointments, holidays, family occasions, or medications	0	о	о	о
10. Driving, traveling out of the neighborhood, arranging to take the bus or a taxi	0	о	о	о

Functional Activities Questionnaire (Informant)

		· ·
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Bristol Activities of Daily Living Scale (BADLS)

This questionnaire is designed to reveal the everyday ability of people who have memory difficulties of one form or another. For each activity, (No's. 1-20), statements a-e refer to a different level of ability. Thinking of the LAST TWO WEEKS, please check the box that represents your relative's/friend's ability. Only 1 box should be checked for each activity.(If in doubt about which box to check, choose the level of ability which best represents the individual's average performance over the LAST TWO WEEKS)

1. MEAL PREPARATION

- 1. o Selects and prepares food as required
- 2. O Able to prepare food if ingredients are set out for him/her
- 3. O Can prepare food if prompted step-by-step
- 4. O Unable to prepare food even with prompting and supervision
- 5. o Not applicable never did
- 6. O Not applicable performed by others / this service is provided

2. EATING

- 1. o Eats appropriately using correct utensils
- 2. o Eats appropriately if food is made manageable and/or uses a spoon
- 3. O Uses fingers to eat food
- 4. o Needs to be fed

3. DRINK PREPARATION

- 1. o Selects and prepares drinks (e.g., coffee, tea, lemonade) as required
- 2. o Can prepare drinks if ingredients left available
- 3. O Can prepare drinks if prompted step-by-step
- 4. O Unable to make a drink even with prompting and supervision
- 5. o Not applicable performed by others / this service is provided

4. DRINKING

- 1. o Drinks appropriately
- 2. o Drinks appropriately with aids (e.g., beakers, straw)
- 3. O Does not drink appropriately even with aids but attempts to
- 4. o Has to have drinks administered (fed) by others

5. DRESSING

- 1. o Selects appropriate clothing and dresses without any help
- 2. o Puts clothes on in wrong order and/or back to front and/or dirty clothing
- 3. o Unable to dress self but moves limbs to assist
- 4. o Unable to assist and requires total dressing

Bristol Activities of Daily Living Scale (BADLS)					
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Bristol Activities of Daily Living Scale (BADLS) (cont.)

Only 1 box should be checked for each activity.(If in doubt about which box to check, choose the level of ability which best represents the individual's average performance over the LAST TWO WEEKS)

6. PERSONAL HYGIENE / GROOMING

- 1. o Washes regularly and independently
- 2. o Can wash self if given soap, washcloth, and towel
- 3. o Can wash if prompted and supervised
- 4. O Unable to wash self and needs full assistance

7. TEETH CLEANING

- 1. o Cleans own teeth/dentures regularly and independently
- 2. o Cleans teeth/dentures if given appropriate items
- 3. o Requires some assistance, toothpaste on brush, brush to mouth, etc.
- 4. o Full assistance given

8. BATHING / SHOWERING

- 1. o Bathes regularly and independently
- 2. O Needs bath to be drawn or shower turned on but washes self independently
- 3. o Needs supervision and prompting to wash
- 4. o Totally dependent, needs full assistance

9. TOILETING

- 1. o Uses toilet appropriately when required
- 2. o Needs to be taken to the toilet and given assistance
- 3. o Incontinent of urine or feces
- 4. o Incontinent of urine and feces

10. TRANSFERS

- 1. o Can get in/out of a chair unaided
- 2. O Can get into a chair but needs help to get out
- 3. O Needs help getting in and out of chair
- 4. o Totally dependent on being put into and lifted from chair

11. MOBILITY

- 1. o Walks independently
- 2. o Walks with assistance (i.e. uses furniture or someone's arm for support)
- 3. o Uses physical aids (e.g., walker, cane, sticks) to walk
- 4. o Unable to walk

Bristol Activities of Da	ale (BADLS) (cont.)	
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Bristol Activities of Daily Living Scale (BADLS) (cont.)

Only 1 box should be checked for each activity.(If in doubt about which box to check, choose the level of ability which best represents the individual's average performance over the LAST TWO WEEKS)

12. ORIENTATION TO TIME

- 1. o Fully oriented to time/day/date etc.
- 2. o Unaware of time/day/date etc. but seems unconcerned
- 3. o Repeatedly asks the time/day/date
- 4. o Mixes up night and day

13. ORIENTATION TO PLACE

- 1. o Fully oriented to surroundings
- 2. o Oriented to familiar surroundings only
- 3. o Gets lost in home, needs reminding where bathroom is, etc.
- 4. o Does not recognize home as own and attempts to leave

14. COMMUNICATION

- 1. o Able to hold appropriate conversation
- 2. O Shows understanding and attempts to respond verbally with gestures
- 3. o Can make him-or herself understood but has difficulty understanding others
- 4. o Does not respond to or communicate with others

15. TELEPHONE

- 1. O Uses telephone appropriately, including obtaining correct number
- 2. o Uses telephone if number given verbally/visually or pre-dialed
- 3. o Answers telephone but does not make outgoing calls
- 4. o Unable/unwilling to use telephone at all

16. HOUSEWORK/GARDENING

- 1. o Able to do housework/gardening to previous standard
- 2. o Able to do housework/gardening but not to previous standard
- 3. o Limited participation in these activities even with a lot of supervision
- 4. o Unwilling/unable to participate in previous housework/gardening activities
- 5. o Not applicable never did
- 6. o Not applicable performed by others / this service is provided

17. SHOPPING

- 1. o Shops to previous standard
- 2. o Only able to shop for 1 or 2 items with or without a list
- 3. O Unable to shop alone, but participates when accompanied
- 4. O Unable to participate in shopping even when accompanied
- 5. o Not applicable never did
- 6. O Not applicable performed by others / this service is provided

Bristol Activities of Da	ale (BADLS) (cont.)	
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Bristol Activities of Daily Living Scale (BADLS) (cont.)

Only 1 box should be checked for each activity.(If in doubt about which box to check, choose the level of ability which best represents the individual's average performance over the LAST TWO WEEKS)

18. MANAGING FINANCES

- 1. o Responsible for own finances at previous level
- 2. o Unable to write check but can sign name and recognizes money values
- 3. o Can sign name but unable to recognize money values
- 4. O Unable to sign name or recognize money values
- 5. o Not applicable never did
- 6. O Not applicable performed by others / this service is provided

19. GAMES/HOBBIES

- 1. o Participates in pastimes/activities to previous standard
- 2. o Participates but needs instruction/supervision
- 3. o Reluctant to join in, very slow, needs coaxing
- 4. O No longer able or willing to join in, hobbies abandoned

20. TRANSPORTATION / DRIVING

- 1. O Able to drive, cycle, or use public transport (e.g., bus, train, taxi) independently
- 2. O Unable to drive, but uses private and public transport or bike independently
- 3. O Can travel with others by car but unable to use public transport on his/her own
- 4. O Unable/unwilling to use private or public transport even when accompanied

Bristol Activities of Daily Living Scale (BADLS) (cont.)

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Mobility Questionnaire

- 1. Degree of independence when walking (Please check only one):
 - 1. o Normal (*i.e.*, able to walk independently without supervision or assistance)
 - 2. O Walks slowly without using a supportive device (cane, walker, etc.) or physical support from others, is very cautious, is at risk for falling and/or has a history of falls
 - 3. o Frequently uses a supporting device (cane, walker, etc.) when at home or in the community
 - 4. o Requires physical support from others to walk
 - 5. O Generally confined to a bed or wheelchair, only able to take a few steps without help
- 2. Level of endurance when walking (Please check only one):
 - 1. o Normal (*i.e.*, walks at a relatively brisk pace without obvious signs of fatigue)
 - 2. o Only able to walk for short distances (less than 1 city block)
 - 3. O Shows signs of exertion when walking short distances (less than 1 city block) such as sweating, shortness of breath, a strong need to rest
 - 4. o Unable to walk more then a few steps.
- 3. Does the patient/subject use any of the following devices?



- 4. Does the patient/subject have difficulty climbing stairs unassisted?
 - o Yes o No

Mobility Questionnaire

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	Service Utilization					
1.	£ Yes	£ No	Has the patient <u>ever</u> at	tended Adult Day C	are?	
2.	£ Yes	£ No	Number o	nrolled in Adult Day dicate the following: of days per week:		
3.	£ Yes	£ No	Was Adult Day Care pre	eviously <u>attempted</u>		
4.	£ Yes	£ No	Association? If yes, is identified	n the Safe Return p cation bracelet / nec £ No	rogram through the Alzheimer's cklace worn?	
5.	£ Yes	£ No	Does the patient have a	durable power of a	ttorney for Financial Affairs?	
6.	£ Yes	£ No	Does the patient have a	durable power of a	ttorney for <u>Health Care</u> ?	
7.	£ Yes	£ No	Does the patient have a	a conservator?		
8.	£ Yes	£ No	Does the patient have in	n-home health assis	tance (e.g., nurse, companion)?	
9.	£ Yes	£ No	Has the primary caregiv	ver or spouse contac	ted the Alzheimer's Association?	
10.	£ Yes	£ No	Has the primary caregiv	er or spouse attend	ed a support group?	
			Serv	ice Utilizatio	n	
	Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders Revision 1.3 - 08/02/04 2004© Page 1 of 1 PID: Visit:					

	l	nforr	nant/Caregiver	Rating of Pa	tient's De	pression
	-		nibited any of the fol toms represent a ch		-	e <u>last</u> 2-week period, s functioning?
1.	£ Yes	£ No	Depressed mood most of subjective report (e.g., appears tearful)			dicated by either ns made by others (e.g.,
2.	£ Yes	£ No	Markedly diminished int day, nearly every day (a made by others)			all, activities most of the account or observation
3. Has	s the pat	ient exp	perienced any changes ir	n weight or appetite	?	
	a) £ Yes b) £ Yes		body weight in a m	nonth) How much		ge of more than 5% of Ibs.
	c) £ Yes d) £ Yes		month) How much	weight gained?	lbs	5% of body weight in a
4. Hov	w does tl	he patie	ent sleep?			
	a)£	Insomr	ia (too little sleep) nearl	y every day		
	-	•••	omnia (too much sleep)	nearly every day		
	c) £	Normal	sleeping pattern			
5.	£ Yes	£ No	Motor restlessness or re merely subjective feelin			
6.	£ Yes	£ No	Fatigue or loss of energy	y nearly every day		
7.	7. £ Yes £ No Feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick)					
8.	8. £ Yes £ No Diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by subjective account or as observed by others)					
9.	9. £ Yes £ No Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or specific plan for committing suicide					
	Informant/Caregiver Rating of Patient's Depression					
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<u>Purpose</u>

The purpose of this questionnaire is to determine if any of the following 12 behaviors have been present in your 'loved one'/subject **during the last 30 days**.

Instructions

Please read the screening question at the top of each section and mark your answer in the appropriate box (i.e., 'Yes,' 'No,' or 'Unable to determine').

If your answer to the screening question is positive, then check ($\sqrt{}$) the 'Yes' box and proceed to the set of sub-questions immediately below and mark any or all that apply.

If your answer to the screening question is negative, then check ($\sqrt{}$) the 'No' box and continue to the next screening question without answering the sub-questions.

If you are unable to answer the screening question, don't know, or are uncertain, then check ($\sqrt{}$) the 'Unable to determine' box and proceed to the next screening question.

Personality Changes

	J	5
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1. Delusions

Within the last 30 days, has the subject had beliefs that you know are not true? For example, insisting that people are trying to harm him/her or steal from him/her. Has he/she said that family members are not who they are or that their house is not their home? I'm not asking about mere suspiciousness: I'm interested if the subject is <u>convinced</u> that these things are happening to him/her.

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below)

Does the subject have any of the following? (Check all that apply)

- q He/she is in danger; others are planning to harm him/her?
- q Others are stealing from him/her?
- o Spouse is having an affair?
- o Unwelcome guests are living in the house?
- o Spouse or others are not who they claim to be?
- o His/her house is not his/her home?
- o Family members are planning to abandon him/her?
- o Television and/or magazine figures are actually present in the house?
- o Other unusual beliefs:

When did these beliefs begin? ____ / ____ (Month / Year)

Rate the FREQUENCY or how often the *delusions* occur:

- 1. o Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the <u>subject</u>):

- 1. O Mild the delusions are present but seem harmless and produce little distress in the patient; usually managed with redirection or reassurance
- 2. O Moderate the delusions are distressing and disruptive to the subject; difficult to alleviate or control.
- O Severe the delusions are very disruptive and a major source of behavioral disturbance/suffering for the patient. Medications may be required to help manage/control them.

- 1. O Not distressing at all
- 2. O Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. O Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. O Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Delusions)				
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2.	Hal	lucin	ations

Within the last 30 days, has the subject had hallucinations such as false visions or voices? Does he/she seem to see, hear, or experience things that are not present? By this question we do not mean just mistaken beliefs such as stating that someone who has died is still alive; rather we are asking if the subject actually has abnormal experiences of sounds or visions.

No (Skip to next behavior)Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below) Does the subject experience any of the following? (Check all that apply)
 q Describes hearing voices or acts like he/she hears voices q Talks to people who are not there o Describes seeing things not seen by others, or behaves as if he/she is seeing things not seen by others (e.g., people, animals, lights, etc.) Describe:
 Reports smelling odors not smelled by others Describes feeling things on his/her skin or otherwise appears to be feeling things crawling or touching him/her Describes tastes that are without any known cause Other unusual sensory experiences Specify:
When did these hallucinations begin? / (Month / Year)
Rate the FREQUENCY or how often the <i>hallucinations</i> occur: 1. O Occasionally - less than once per week 2. O Often - about once per week 3. O Frequently - several times per week but less than every day 4. O Very frequently – essentially continuously present
 Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the <u>subject</u>): 1. O Mild – the hallucinations are present but harmless and cause little distress for the patient; usually managed with redirection or reassurance. 2. O Moderate – the hallucinations are distressing and disruptive to the patient; difficult to alleviate or control.
 O Severe – the hallucinations are very disruptive and a major source of behavioral disturbance for the patient. Medications may be required to help manage/control them.
Rate the DISTRESS you experience due to that symptom (how it affects <u>you</u>): 1. O Not distressing at all
 O Minimal – slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with O Mildly – not very distressing, generally easy to cope with O Moderate – fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
 5. O Severe – very distressing, difficult to cope with 6. O Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with
Personality Changes (Hallucinations)

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3. Agitation/Aggression

Within the last 30 days, has the subject had periods when he/she refuses to cooperate or won't let people help him/her? Is he/she hard to handle?

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below)

Does the subject do any of the following? (Check all that apply)

- q Acts stubborn; insists on having things his/her way
- q Acts uncooperative; resists help from others
- Get upset with those trying to care for him/her; resists activities (e.g., bathing or changing clothes)
- o Shouts or curses angrily
- o Slams doors, kicks furniture, or throws things
- o Attempts to hurt or hit others

Rate the FREQUENCY or how often the *agitation/aggression* occur:

- 1. O Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the <u>subject</u>):

- 1. O Mild the behavior is disruptive but can be managed with redirection or reassurance.
- 2. O Moderate the behavior is disruptive and difficult to redirect or control.
- 3. O Severe agitation is very disruptive and a major source of difficulty for the patient; there may be a threat of personal harm. Medications are often required to help manage the agitation/aggression.

- 1. O Not distressing at all
- 2. o Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. o Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. O Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Agitation/Aggression)			
UCI MIND 2009© Revision 2011-02-25	Research Page 4 of 13	Name: PID: Visit:	

4. Depression/Dysphoria

Within the last 30 days, has the subject seemed sad or depressed? Does he/she say that he/she feels sad or depressed?

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below)

Does the subject do any of the following? (Check all that apply)

q Says or acts as if he/she is sad or low in spirits

- q Have periods of tearfulness or sobbing that seems to indicate sadness
- o Puts him/herself down or say that he/she feels like a failure
- o Says that he/she is a bad person and deserves to be punished
- o Seems very discouraged or says he/she has no future
- Says that he/she is a burden to the family or that the family would be better off without him/her
- o Expresses a wish for death or talks about suicide

Rate the FREQUENCY or how often the *depression/dysphoria* occurs:

- 1. O Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the <u>subject</u>):

- 1. O Mild depression is distressing but usually responds to redirection or reassurance.
- 2. O Moderate depression is distressing to the patient; depressive symptoms are spontaneously voiced by the patient and difficult to alleviate.
- 3. o Severe depression is very distressing and a major source of suffering for the patient.

- 1. O Not distressing at all
- 2. o Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. o Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. O Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Depression/Dysphoria)			
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5.	An	xi	et	y

Within the last 30 days, has the subject seemed very nervous, worried, or frightened for no apparent reason? Does he/she seem very tense or fidgety? Is the subject afraid to be apart from you?

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below)

Does the subject do any of the following? (Check all that apply)

- q Becomes nervous and upset when separated from you (or his /her caregiver); does he/she cling to you to keep from being separated
- **q** Have periods (or complain of) shortness of breath, gasping, or sighing for no apparent reason other than nervousness
- q Have periods of feeling shaky, unable to relax, or feeling excessively tense
- o Says that he/she is worried about planned events
- Complains of butterflies in his/her stomach or a racing or pounding of the heart in association with nervousness (not explained by ill health)
- Avoids certain places or situations that make him/her nervous (riding in car, meeting friends, or being in crowds)

Rate the **FREQUENCY** or how often the *anxiety* occurs:

- 1. o Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the subject):

- 1. o Mild anxiety is distressing but usually responds to redirection or reassurance.
- 2. O Moderate anxiety is distressing to the patient; anxiety symptoms are spontaneously voiced by the patient and difficult to alleviate.
- 3. O Severe anxiety is very distressing and a major source of difficulty/suffering for the patient.

- 1. O Not distressing at all
- 2. o Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. o Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. o Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Anxiety)		
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6. Elation/Euphoria

Within the last 30 days, has the subject seemed too cheerful or too happy for no reason? I don't mean the normal happiness that comes from seeing friends, receiving presents, or spending time with family members. I'm asking if the subject has a persistent and <u>abnormally</u> good mood or finds humor where others do not.

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below)

Does the subject do any of the following? (Check all that apply)

- q Appears to feel too good, or be too happy, different from his/her usual self
- o Finds humor and laughs at things that others do not find funny
- o Has a childish sense of humor with a tendency to giggle or laugh inappropriately
- o Tells jokes or makes remarks that have little humor for others but seem funny to him/her
- o Plays childish pranks such as pinching, or "keep away" for the fun of it?
- o "Talks big" or claims to have more abilities or wealth than is true

Rate the FREQUENCY or how often the elation/euphoria occurs:

- 1. O Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the subject):

- 1. o Mild elation is notable to friends and family but is not disruptive.
- 2. o Moderate elation is notably abnormal and very evident.
- 3. o Severe elation is very pronounced; patient is euphoric and finds nearly everything to be humorous.

- 1. o Not distressing at all
- 2. o Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. o Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. o Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Elation/Eurphoria)						
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7. Apathy/Indifference

Within the last 30 days, has the subject lost interest in the world around him/her? Has he/she lost interest in doing things or lacks motivation for starting new activities? Is he/she more difficult to engage in conversation or in doing chores? Is the subject apathetic or indifferent?

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below)

Does the subject do any of the following? (Check all that apply)

- ${\bf q}$ Less enthusiastic about his/her usual interests
- ${\bf q}$ Seems less interested in activities and plans of others
- o Less likely to initiate conversation
- o Less affectionate or lacking in emotions when compared to his/her usual self
- o Contributes less to household chores
- o Loss interest in friends and family members
- o Seems less spontaneous and less active than usual
- Shows any other signs that he/she doesn't care about doing new things Specify: ______

Rate the FREQUENCY or how often the *apathy/indifference* occurs:

- 1. O Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the subject):

- O Mild apathy is notable but produces little interference with daily routines; only mildly different from patient's usual behavior; patient responds to suggestions to engage in activities.
- 2. O Moderate apathy is very evident; may be overcome by the caregiver with coaxing and encouragement; responds spontaneously only to powerful events such as visits from close relatives or family members.
- 3. O Severe apathy is very evident and patient usually fails to respond to any encouragement/intervention by the caregiver or to external events.

- 1. o Not distressing at all
- 2. o Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. o Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. o Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Apathy/Indifference)								
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8. Disinhibition

Within the last 30 days, has the subject seemed to act impulsively without thinking? Does he/she do or say things that are not usually done or said in public? Does he/she do things that are embarrassing to you or others?

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below)

Does the subject do any of the following? (Check all that apply)

- **q** Acts impulsively without appearing to consider the consequences
- q Talks to strangers as if he/she knew them
- q Says things to people that are insensitive or hurt their feelings
- o Says crude things or makes sexual remarks that they would not usually have said
- o Talks openly about very personal or private matters not usually discussed in public
- o Takes liberties to touch or hug others in a way that is out of character for him/her
- o Have problems with shoplifting or other misdemeanors

Rate the FREQUENCY or how often the disinhibition occurs:

- 1. o Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the <u>subject</u>):

- 1. O Mild disinhibition is notable but usually responds to redirection and guidance.
- 2. o Moderate disinhibition is very evident and difficult to overcome by the caregiver.
- 3. O Severe disinhibition usually fails to respond to any intervention by the caregiver, and is a source of embarrassment or social distress.

- 1. O Not distressing at all
- 2. o Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. o Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. O Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Disinhibition)					
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9. Irritability/Lability

Within the last 30 days, has the subject gotten irritated and easily disturbed? Are his/her moods very changeable? Is he/she abnormally impatient? We do not mean frustration over memory loss or inability to perform usual/everyday tasks; we are interested to know if the subject has <u>abnormal</u> irritability, impatience, or rapid emotional changes different from his/her usual self.

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below) Does the subject do any of the following? (Check all that apply)

- q Cranky, and irritable
- q Impatient, having trouble coping with delays or waiting for planned activities
- o Has a bad temper, flying "off the handle" easily over little things
- O Rapidly changes moods from one to another, being fine one minute and angry the next
- o Has sudden flashes of anger
- o Argumentative and difficult to get along with
- o Shows any other signs of irritability
 - Specify: _____

Rate the **FREQUENCY** or how often the *irritability/lability* occurs:

- 1. o Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the subject):

- 1. o Mild irritability or lability is notable but usually responds to redirection and reassurance.
- 2. o Moderate irritability or lability are very evident and difficult to overcome by the caregiver.
- 3. O Severe irritability and lability are very evident; they usually fail to respond to any intervention by the caregiver, and they are a major source of distress.

- 1. o Not distressing at all
- 2. O Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. o Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. o Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Irritability/Lability)						
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10. Aberrant Motor Behavior

Within the last 30 days, has the subject paced, does things over and over again such as opening closets or drawers, or repeatedly pick at things or wind string or threads?

o No (Skip to next behavior)o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior)

o Yes (Answer the questions below)

Does the subject do any of the following? (Check all that apply)

q Pace around the house without apparent purpose

- q Engages in repetitive activities such as handling buttons, picking, wrapping string, etc.
- o Rummages around, opening and unpacking drawers and closets
- o Has repetitive activities or "habits" that he/she performs over and over again
- o Repeatedly puts on and takes off clothing
- Fidgets excessively, seems unable to sit still, or bounces his/her feet or taps his/her fingers a lot
- Does any other activity over and over Specify: ______

Rate the **FREQUENCY** or how often the aberrant motor behavior occurs:

- 1. o Occasionally less than once per week
- 2. o Often about once per week
- 3. o Frequently several times per week but less than every day
- 4. o Very frequently essentially continuously present

Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the <u>subject</u>):

- 1. O Mild abnormal motor activity is notable but produces little interference with daily routines.
- 2. o Moderate abnormal motor activity is very evident; can be overcome by the caregiver.
- 3. O Severe abnormal motor activity is very evident; it usually fails to respond to any intervention by the caregiver and is a major source of distress.

- 1. o Not distressing at all
- 2. o Minimal slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with
- 3. o Mildly not very distressing, generally easy to cope with
- 4. o Moderate fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with
- 5. o Severe very distressing, difficult to cope with
- 6. o Extreme or Very Severe extremely distressing, unable to cope with

Personality Changes (Aberrant Motor Behavior)							
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11. Sleep / Night Time Behaviors Within the last 30 days, has the subject had difficulty sleeping (do not count as present if the subject simply gets up once or twice per night to go to the bathroom and fails back asleep immediately? Is he/she up at night? Does he/she wander at night, get dressed, or disturb your sleep? o No (Skip to next behavior) o Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior) o Ves (Answer the questions below) Does the subject experience any of the following? (Check all that apply) q Awakens you or the caregiver during the night q Wakes up too early in the morning (earlier then was his/her habit) q Sleeps excessively during the day o Has difficulty falling asleep Gets up during the night (not counting use of bathroom if goes back to sleep) o Wakes up at night, dresses and plans to go out thinking it is daytime Shows any other signs of night-time behavior that bothers you specify: wakes up to nee per week o Shows any other signs of night-time behavior occurs:		-						
subject simply gets up once or twice per night to go to the bathroom and falls back asleep immediately)? Is he/she up at night? Does he/she wander at night, get dressed, or disturb your sleep? • No (Skip to next behavior) • Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior) • Ves (Answer the questions below) Does the subject experience any of the following? (Check all that apply) • q Awakens you or the caregiver during the night • q Wakens you or the caregiver during the night • q Wakens you or the caregiver during the night • q Wakens you or the caregiver during the night • q Wakens you or the caregiver during the night • g Sleeps excessively during the day • Has difficulty falling asleep • Gets up during the night (not counting use of bathroom if goes back to sleep) • Wanders, paces, or gets involved in inappropriate activities at night • Wakes up at night, dresses and plans to go out thinking it is daytime • Shows any other signs of night-time behavior occurs: 1. • Occasionally - less than once per week 2. • Often - about once per week 2. • Moderate – night-time behaviors occur and disrupt the patient and the sleep of the caregiver; more than one type of night-time behavior may be present. 3. • Server – night-time behaviors occur and disrupt the patient and the sleep of night-time behaviors may be present; the patient is very distressed during the night and the caregiver's sleep is markedly disturbed. Rate the DISTRESS you experience due to that symptom (how it affects <u>you</u>): 1. • Not distressing at all 2. • Minimal – slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with 3. • Minimal – fairly distressing, not a problem to cope with 4. • Moderate – fairly distressing, not a problem to cope with 5. • Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 5. • Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 5. • Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing,	11. Sleep / Night Time Behavio	rs						
O Unable to determine (Skip to next behavior) O Yes (Answer the questions below) Does the subject experience any of the following? (Check all that apply) q Awakens you or the caregiver during the night q Wakes up too early in the morning (earlier then was his/her habit) q Slepse excessively during the day • Has difficulty falling asleep • Gets up during the night (not counting use of bathroom if goes back to sleep) • Wanders, paces, or gets involved in inappropriate activities at night • Wakes up at night, dresses and plans to go out thinking it is daytime • Shows any other signs of night-time behavior that bothers you Specify:	subject simply gets up once or twic immediately)? Is he/she up at nigh	ce per night to go to	the bathroom and falls back asleep					
Does the subject experience any of the following? (Check all that apply) q Awakens you or the caregiver during the night q Wakes up too early in the morning (earlier then was his/her habit) q Sleeps excessively during the day • Has difficulty falling asleep • Gets up during the night (not counting use of bathroom if goes back to sleep) • Wanders, paces, or gets involved in inappropriate activities at night • Wakes up at night, dresses and plans to go out thinking it is daytime • Shows any other signs of night-time behavior occurs: 1. o Occasionally - less than once per week 2. o Often - about once per week 3. o Frequently - essentially continuously present Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the <u>subject</u>): 1. o Mild - night-time behaviors occur but they are not particularly disruptive. 2. o Moderate - night-time behaviors occur and disrupt the patient and the sleep of the caregiver; more than one type of night-time behavior may be present. 3. o Severe - night-time behaviors occur and are very disruptive; several types of night-time behaviors may be present. 3. o Severe - night-time behaviors occur and are very disruptive; several types of night-time behaviors may be present. 3. o Severe - night-time behaviors occur and are very disruptive; several types of night-time behaviors may be present. 3. o Not distressing, at all 2. o Minima		xt behavior)						
q Wakes up too early in the morning (earlier then was his/her habit) q Sleeps excessively during the day O Has difficulty falling asleep O Gets up during the night (not counting use of bathroom if goes back to sleep) O Wanders, paces, or gets involved in inappropriate activities at night O Wakes up at night, dresses and plans to go out thinking it is daytime O Shows any other signs of night-time behavior that bothers you Specify:	•	•	eck all that apply)					
1. o Occasionally - less than once per week 2. o Often - about once per week 3. o Frequently - several times per week but less than every day 4. o Very frequently – essentially continuously present Rate the SEVERITY of the symptoms (how it affects the subject): 1. o Mild – night-time behaviors occur but they are not particularly disruptive. 2. o Moderate – night-time behaviors occur and disrupt the patient and the sleep of the caregiver; more than one type of night-time behavior may be present. 3. o Severe – night-time behaviors occur and are very disruptive; several types of night-time behaviors may be present; the patient is very distressed during the night and the caregiver's sleep is markedly disturbed. Rate the DISTRESS you experience due to that symptom (how it affects you): 1. o Not distressing at all 2. o Middu – not very distressing, not a problem to cope with 3. o Severe – very distressing, not always easy to cope with 4. o Moderate – fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with 5. o Severe – very distressing, difficult to cope with 6. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 7. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 7. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 7. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 7. o Extreme or Very Severe – extrem	 q Wakes up too early in the model q Sleeps excessively during the o Has difficulty falling asleep o Gets up during the night (not o Wanders, paces, or gets invo o Wakes up at night, dresses a o Shows any other signs of nig 	orning (earlier then w e day c counting use of bat lved in inappropriate nd plans to go out th ht-time behavior tha	throom if goes back to sleep) e activities at night hinking it is daytime					
 O Mild – night-time behaviors occur but they are not particularly disruptive. O Moderate – night-time behaviors occur and disrupt the patient and the sleep of the caregiver; more than one type of night-time behavior may be present. O Severe – night-time behaviors occur and are very disruptive; several types of night-time behaviors may be present; the patient is very disruptive; several types of night-time behaviors may be present; the patient is very distressed during the night and the caregiver's sleep is markedly disturbed. Rate the DISTRESS you experience due to that symptom (how it affects you): O Not distressing at all O Minimal – slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with O Moderate – fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with O Severe – very distressing, difficult to cope with O Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 	 O Occasionally - less than or O Often - about once per we O Frequently - several times 	ice per week ek per week but less th	han every day					
1. o Not distressing at all 2. o Minimal – slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with 3. o Mildly – not very distressing, generally easy to cope with 4. o Moderate – fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with 5. o Severe – very distressing, difficult to cope with 6. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 6. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 9. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 9. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 9. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 9. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 9. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely distressing, unable to cope with 9. o Extreme or Very Severe – extremely Changes (Sleep/Night Time) 9. WCL MIND 2009@	 O Mild – night-time behavior O Moderate – night-time beh caregiver; more than one O Severe – night-time behaviors behaviors may be present 	s occur but they are aviors occur and dis type of night-time b fors occur and are v the patient is very	e not particularly disruptive. srupt the patient and the sleep of the behavior may be present. very disruptive; several types of night-time					
UCI MIND 2009© Research Name:	 O Not distressing at all O Minimal – slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with O Mildly – not very distressing, generally easy to cope with O Moderate – fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with O Severe – very distressing, difficult to cope with 							
UCI MIND 2009© Research Name:	Personality Changes (Sleep/Night Time)							
		<u> </u>						

Visit:

	j ereening er	i
12. Appetite and eating change	S	
		ges in appetite, weight, or eating habits (do red)? Has there been any change in the type
o No (Skip to next behavior) o Unable to determine (Skip to ne	xt behavior)	
O Yes (Answer the questions Does the subject had any of the fo	Ŧ	nat apply)
types of food O A loss of appetite O An increase in appetite O A change in eating behavior s	such as putting too r r such as eating exa ne order	eating too many sweets, or other specific nuch food in her/her mouth at once ctly the same types of food each day, or
Specify: Rate the FREQUENCY or how of 1. O Occasionally - less than or 2. O Often - about once per we 3. O Frequently - several times	often the <i>appetite ar</i> nce per week ek	
are not disturbing.	ptoms (how it affect or eating are prese	
weight.	in appetite or eating	are present and cause fluctuations in
 Rate the DISTRESS you experi 1. o Not distressing at all 2. o Minimal – slightly distressi 3. o Mildly – not very distressir 4. o Moderate – fairly distressin 5. o Severe – very distressing, 6. o Extreme or Very Severe – 	ng, not a problem to ng, generally easy to ng, not always easy difficult to cope with	o cope with cope with to cope with
Persor	nality Changes	(Appetite and Eating)
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NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form A1: Subject Demographics

Center:	31	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date://
		be completed by intake interviewer per ADC scheduli view, medical records, and proxy informant report	ng ADC Visit #:
,		tional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding	
Guidebool	for Initial \	/isit Packet, Form A1. Check only one box per questio	 Examiner's initials:

Source of Referral:

1.	Subject enrolled in NACC MDS:	□ 1	Yes	⊠ 0	No
2.	 Primary reason for coming to ADC: 		Participate in research study Clinical evaluation	□3	Other (specify):
		\Box 2 Clinical evaluation		□9	Unknown
3.	Principal referral source:	□ 1	Self/relative/friend	□6	Population sample
		□2	Clinician	□7	Non-ADC media appeal
		□ 3	ADC solicitation		(e.g., Alzheimer's Association)
		□4	Non-ADC study		Other (specify):
		□ 5 Clinic sample			
				□9	Unknown
4.	Presumed disease status at	□ 1	Case/patient/proband	□3	No presumed disease status
	enrollment:	□2	Control/normal		
5.	Presumed participation:	□ 1	Initial evaluation only	□2	Longitudinal follow-up planned
6.	ADC enrollment type:	X 1	Clinical Core	□3	Other ADC Core/project
		$\Box 2$	Satellite Core	□4	Center-affiliated/non-ADC
7.	Subject's month/year of birth:		1		
0	6 11 - 4				F 1
8.	Subject's sex:	$\Box 1$	Male	$\Box 2$	Female

Cente	r: ADC Subj	31 ADC Subject ID:				
recor (as ne	E: This form is to be completed by ds, subject interview, medical rec eeded). For additional clarificatio ebook for Initial Visit Packet, Forr	cords, n and	and proxy informant report examples, see UDS Coding	-	ADC Visit #:	
9.	Does the subject report being of Hispanic/Latino <u>ethnicity</u> (i.e., having origins from a mainly Spanish-speaking Latin American country), regardless of race?	□ 1 □ 0		□9	Unknown	
	9a. If yes, what are the	$\Box 1$	Mexican/Chicano/ Mexican-American	□ 5	Central American	
	subject's reported origins?			$\Box 6$	South American	
			Puerto Rican	□ 50	Other (specify):	
			Cuban	_		
		□4	Dominican	□ 99	Unknown	
10.	What does subject report as his/her race?	□ 1 □ 2	White Black or African American		Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Asian	
			American Indian or Alaska Native	□ 50	Other (<i>specify</i>):	
11.	What additional race does	□ 1	White		Asian	
	subject report?		Black or African American		Other (specify):	
		□ 3	American Indian or Alaska Native	88	None reported	
		□ 4	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	□ 99	Unknown	
12.	What additional race, beyond	$\Box 1$	White	□ 5	Asian	
	what was indicated above in questions 10 and 11, does	□ 2	Black or African American	□ 50	Other (specify):	
	subject report?	□ 3	American Indian or Alaska Native		None reported	
		□ 4	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	□ 99	Unknown	

Cente	r: 31 ADC Sub	ject ID		For	m Date://				
recor (as n	NOTE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per ADC scheduling records, subject interview, medical records, and proxy informant report ADC Visit #: as needed). For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form A1. Check only <u>one</u> box per question.								
13.	Subject's primary language:	□ 1	English	□6	Japanese				
		□2	Spanish		Other primary language				
		□3	Mandarin		(specify):				
		□4	Cantonese	□9	Unknown				
		\Box 5	Russian						
14.	Subject's years of education (re below; if an attempted level is r years attended). High school/G Master's degree = 18; Doctorat	not con ED =	npleted, enter the number of 12; Bachelors degree = 16;		_ (99 – Unknown)				
15.	What is the subject's living	□ 1	Lives alone	□4	Lives with group				
	situation?	□ 2	Lives with spouse or partner	□5	Other (specify):				
		□3	Lives with relative or friend	□9	Unknown				
16.	What is the subject's level of	□ 1	Able to live independently	□ 3	Requires some assistance				
	independence?	□2	Requires some assistance	_	with basic activities				
			with complex activities		Completely dependent				
					Unknown				
17.	What is the subject's primary type of residence?	$\Box 1$	Single family residence	□4	Skilled nursing facility/ nursing home				
	type of residence.		Retirement community		Other (specify):				
		□ 3	Assisted living/ boarding home/adult family home						
				□9	Unknown				
18.	Subject's primary residence zip code (first 3 digits):	(leave	blank if unknown)						
19.	Subject's current marital	□ 1	Married	□ 5	Never married				
	status:	$\Box 2$	Widowed	□6	Living as married				
		□3	Divorced		Other (specify):				
		□4	Separated	□9	Unknown				
20.	Is the subject left- or right-	□ 1	Left-handed		Ambidextrous				
	handed (for example, which hand would s/he normally use to write or throw a ball)?	□ 2	Right-handed	□9	Unknown				
			PI	ID:					



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form A2: Informant Demographics

Center: ADC Subject ID: I					Form Date://		
NOTE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per informant's report. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook					ADC Visit #:		
for	nitial Visit Packet, Form A2. Check on		Examiner's initials:				
1.	Informant's month/year of birth:	(99/9	$\frac{1}{999 = Unknown}$				
2.	Informant's sex:	\Box 1	Male	□ 2	Female		
3.	Does the informant report being of Hispanic/Latino <u>ethnicity</u> (i.e., having origins from a mainly Spanish-speaking Latin American country), regardless of race?		Yes	□ 0 □ 9	No Unknown		
	3a. If yes, what are the informant's reported origins?		Mexican/Chicano/ Mexican-American Puerto Rican Cuban Dominican	□ 5 □ 6 □ 50 □ 99	Central American South American Other (<i>specify</i>): Unknown		
4.	What does informant report as his/her race?		White Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native	□ 5 □ 50	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Asian Other (<i>specify</i>): Unknown		
5.	What additional race does informant report?	□ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4	White Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	□ 50 □ 88	Asian Other (<i>specify</i>): None reported Unknown		

ADC Visit #:

NOTE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per informant's report. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form A2. Check only <u>one</u> box per question.

6.	What additional race, beyond what was indicated above in questions 4 and 5, does informant report?	□ 2 □ 3	White Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	□ 50 □ 88	Asian O Other (<i>specify</i>): None reported O Unknown
7.	Informant's years of education (repo below; if an attempted level is not co years attended). High school/GED = Master's degree – 18; Doctorate – 2		_ (99 – Unknown)		
8.	What is informant's relationship to subject?	□ 2 □ 3	Spouse/partner Child Sibling Other relative		Friend/neighbor Paid caregiver/provider Other (<i>specify</i>):
9.	Does the informant live with the subject?	□ 1	Ycs (if yes, skip to #10)	□ 0	No
	9a. If no, approximate frequency of in-person visits:	□ 1 □ 2 □ 3	Daily At least 3x/week Weekly	□ 5	At least 3x/month Monthly Less than once a month
	9b. If no, approximate frequency of telephone contact:	□ 2	Daily At least 3x/week Weekly	□ 5	At least 3x/month Monthly Less than once a month
10.	. Is there a question about the informant's reliability?	□ 1	Yes		No



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form A3: Subject Family History

Center:	31	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date:							
		e completed by intake interviewer per sul arification and examples, see UDS Coding	-	ADC Visit #:						
•	Packet, For	• •		Examiner's initials:						
For the following questions:										
Dementia refers to progressive loss of memory and cognition, and is often described as senility, dementia,										

<u>Dementia</u> refers to progressive loss of memory and cognition, and is often described as senility, dementia, Alzheimer's Disease, hardening of the arteries, or other causes that compromised the subject's social or occupational functioning and from which they did not recover.

Age at onset refers to the age at which dementia symptoms began, not the age at which the diagnosis was made.

Please consider blood relatives only.

PARENTS:									
	a. Year of birth	b. Is the parent still living?		c. If deceased, indicate year of death	d. Does/did this parent have dementia (defined above), as indicated by symptoms, history or diagnosis?		e. If yes, indicate age at onset		
	(9999=unknown)	Yes	No	Unknown	(9999=unknown)	Yes	No	Unknown	(999=unknown)
1. Mother		$\Box 1$	□ 0	□ 9			□ 0	□9	
2. Father		□1	□ 0	□ 9		□ 1	0	□9	· · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·

SI	SIBLINGS:							
3.	Is the subject a twin?	🗆 1 Yes	🗆 0 No	9 Unknown				
	3a. If yes, indicate type:	□ 1 Monozygotic (i.e., identical)	□ 2 Dizygotic (i.e., fraternal)	9 Unknown				

4. How many full siblings did the subject have?

5. For all full siblings, indicate the following:

	5a. Year of birth	ls ti	5b. Is the sibling still living?		5c. If deceased, indicate year of death	demen as indic	tia (define	oling have od above), symptoms, gnosis?	5e. If yes, indicate age at onset		
	(9999=unknown)	Yes	No	Unknown	(9999=unknovin)	Yes	No	Unknown	(999=unknown)		
Sibling 1			$\Box 0$	9		\Box 1		□9			
Sibling 2			□ 0	□ 9		□1	□ 0	□ 9	· · · · ·		
Sibling 3			□ 0	□ 9	·	□ 1	0	□ 9			

(99 = Unknown)

ADC Visit #:____

NOTE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per subject/informant report. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form A3..

SIBLINGS: (continued)	5a. Year of birth	5b. Is the sibling still living?		5c. If deceased, indicate year of death	5d. Does/did this sibling have dementia (defined above), as indicated by symptoms, history or diagnosis?			5e. If yes, indicate age at onset		
	(9999=unknown)	Yes	No	Unknown	(9999=unknown)	Yes	No	Unknown	(999=unknown)	
Sibling 4		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9		
Sibling 5		□1	□ 0	□9			□ 0	□9		
Sibling 6		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1		□9		
Sibling 7		□ I	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0 🗆	□9		
Sibling 8		1	□ 0	□9			□ 0	□9		
Sibling 9		1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1		□9		
Sibling 10		□ 1	□ 0	□9		□1	□ 0	□9		
Sibling 11		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		
Sibling 12	·	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0 🗆	□9		
Sibling 13	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	□ 1	□ 0	□9		
Sibling 14		□1	□ 0	□9	· · · · · ·	□ 1	□ 0	□9		
Sibling 15		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1		□9		
Sibling 16		□ I	$\Box 0$			□1	$\Box 0$	□9		
Sibling 17		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		
Sibling 18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	□1	$\Box 0$			□ 1		□9		
Sibling 19		□1	□ 0	□9		□1		□9		
Sibling 20		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9		1	$\Box 0$	□9		

NOTE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per subject/informant report. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form A3..

ADC Visit #:____

CHILDREN:									
6. How many	biological childre	en did t	he subj	ect have?			(99	= Unknown)	
For all biological children, indicate the following:									
	7a. Year of birth	ls t	7b. Is the child still living?		7c. If deceased, indicate year of death	7d. Does/did this child have dementia (defined above), as indicated by symptoms, history or diagnosis?			7e. If yes, indicate age at onset
	(9999=unknown)	Yes	No	Unknown	(9999=unknown)	Yes	No	Unknown	(999=unknown)
Child 1		$\Box 1$	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0 🗆	□ 9	
Child 2		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0	□ 9	
Child 3		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9			0 🗆	□9	
Child 4		□1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0	□9	
Child 5				□ 9			0	9	
Child 6		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0	□9	
Child 7		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9			0	□9	
Child 8		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0	□9	
Child 9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	□1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0 🗆	□ 9	
Child 10		□1	$\Box 0$	□ 9			0 🗆	□ 9	
Child 11		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9		□ 1	0	□9	
Child 12		□ 1	$\Box \bar{0}$	□9			0	□ 9	
Child 13		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9		□ 1	0	□9	
Child 14		□1	$\Box 0$	□9		□ 1	0 🗆	9	
Child 15		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9		□ 1	0	□ 9	

NOTE: This form is to be completed by intake interviewer per subject/informant report. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form A3..

OTHER DEMENTED RELATIVES:

- Number of "other demented relatives" (cousins, aunts, uncles, grandparents, half siblings), as indicated by symptoms, history or diagnosis. (99 – Unknown)
- 9. For all "other demented relatives" (cousins, aunts, uncles, grandparents, half siblings), indicate the following:

sionings), indeate the following.								
	9a. Year of birth	ls th	9b. ie relati living	ive still ?	9c. If deceased, indicate year of death	9d. Indicate age at onset		
	(9999=unknown)	Yes	No	Unknown	(9999=unknown)	(999=unknown)		
Relative 1		\Box 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9				
Relative 2		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9				
Relative 3		□1	□ 0	□9				
Relative 4		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9				
Relative 5		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9				
Relative 6		□1	$\Box 0$	□ 9				
Relative 7		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□9				
Relative 8		□ 1	□ 0	□ 9				
Relative 9		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9				
Relative 10		□ 1	□ 0	□ 9				
Relative 11		□ 1	$\Box 0$	9				
Relative 12	5	□1	□ 0	□9	5			
Relative 13		□1		□ 9				
Relative 14		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9				
Relative 15		□ 1	$\Box 0$	□ 9				

ADC Visit #:____

1



Examiner's initials:

NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet Form B7: Functional Assessment – Functional Assessment Questionnaire (FAQ¹)

 Center:
 31
 ADC Subject ID:
 Form Date:
 /____
 ADC Visit #:____

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional, based on information provided by informant. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B7. Indicate the level of performance for each activity by circling the <u>one</u> appropriate response.

		he past four weeks, did the subject have any difficulty or need p with:	Not applicable (e.g., never did)	Normal	Has difficulty, but does by self	Requires assistance	Dependent
	1.	Writing checks, paying bills, or balancing a checkbook.	8	0	1	2	3
	2.	Assembling tax records, business affairs, or other papers.	8	0	1	2	3
	3.	Shopping alone for clothes, household necessities, or groceries.	8	0	1	2	3
	4.	Playing a game of skill such as bridge or chess, working on a hobby.	8	0	1	2	3
	5. Heating water, making a cup of coffee, turning off the stove.		8	0	1	2	3
	6.	Preparing a balanced meal.	8	0	1	2	3
PID: Visit:	7.	Keeping track of current events.	8	0	1	2	3
÷ ?	8.	Paying attention to and understanding a TV program, book, or magazine.	8	0	1	2	3
	9.	Remembering appointments, family occasions, holidays, medications.	8	0	1	2	3
	10.	Traveling out of the neighborhood, driving, or arranging to take public transportation.	8	0	1	2	3

¹ Pfeffer RI, Kurosaki TT, Harrah CH, et al. Measurement of functional activities of older adults in the community. *J Gerontol* 37:323-9, 1982. Copyright© 1982. The Gerontological Society of America. Reproduced by permission of the publisher.



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet Form B5: Behavioral Assessment – Neuropsychiatric Inventory Questionnaire (NPI-Q¹)

(ent	er: 31 ADC Subject ID: Form Date:	/				Al	DC Vis	sit #:	
b	y th	E: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional per informant inter- ne training video. (This is <u>not</u> to be completed by the subject as a paper-and-pencil self-report.) For info Q Interviewer Certification, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B5. Check only <u>one</u>	rmatio	n regar	ding			er's init onse.	ials:	
	Ple	ase ask the following questions based upon changes. Indicate "yes" only if the symptom has been presen	t in the	past m	onth; o	ther	wise, i	indicate	e "no".	
	For	each item marked "yes", rate the SEVERITY of the symptom (how it affects the patient): 1 = Mild (noti 2 = Moderate 3 = Severe (v	(signif	icant, b	ut not a	dra	amatic	change)
	1.	NPI informant: 1 Spouse 2 Child 3 Other (specify):		Yes	No			5	Severit	y
	2.	DELUSIONS: Does the patient believe that others are stealing from him or her, or planning to harm him or her in some way?	2a.	□ 1	□ 0		2b.	□ 1	□ 2	□3
	3.	HALLUCINATIONS: Does the patient act as if he or she hears voices? Does he or she talk to people who are not there?	3a.	□ 1	□ 0		3b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	4.	AGITATION OR AGGRESSION: Is the patient stubborn and resistive to help from others?	4a.	□ 1	□ 0		4b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	5.	DEPRESSION OR DYSPHORIA: Does the patient act as if he or she is sad or in low spirits? Does he or she cry?	5a.	□ 1	□ 0		5b.	□ 1	□ 2	□3
	6.	ANXIETY: Does the patient become upset when separated from you? Does he or she have any other signs of nervousness, such as shortness of breath, sighing, being unable to relax, or feeling excessively tense?	6a.	□ 1	□ 0		6b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3

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NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional per informant interview, as described by the training video. (This is <u>not</u> to be completed by the subject as a paper-and-pencil self-report.) For information regarding NPI-Q Interviewer Certification, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B5. Check only <u>one</u> box for each category of response.

Please ask the following questions based upon changes. Indicate "yes" only if the symptom h	as been present in the <u>past month;</u> otherwise, indicate "no".
For each item marked "yes", rate the SEVERITY of the symptom (how it affects the patient):	1 = Mild (noticeable, but not a significant change)
	2 = Moderate (significant, but not a dramatic change)

3 = Severe (very marked or prominent; a dramatic change)

			Yes	No		[S	everit	y .
	7. ELATION OR EUPHORIA: Does the patient appear to feel too good or act excessively happy?	7a.	□1	□ 0	7	Ь.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	8. APATHY OR INDIFFERENCE: Does the patient seem less interested in his or her usual activities and in the activities and plans of others?	8a.	□ 1	□ 0	8	b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	9. DISINHIBITION: Does the patient seem to act impulsively? For example, does the patient talk to strangers as if he or she knows them, or does the patient say things that may hurt people's feelings?	9a.	□ 1	0 🗆	9	b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	10. IRRITABILITY OR LABILITY: Is the patient impatient or cranky? Does he or she have difficulty coping with delays or waiting for planned activities?	10a.	□ 1	□ 0	10	b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
PID: Visit:	11. MOTOR DISTURBANCE: Does the patient engage in repetitive activities, such as pacing around the house, handling buttons, wrapping string, or doing other things repeatedly?	11a.	□ 1	□ 0	1	b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	12. NIGHTTIME BEHAVIORS: Does the patient awaken you during the night, rise too early in the morning, or take excessive naps during the day?	12a.	□ 1	□ 0	12	в.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	13. APPETITE AND EATING: Has the patient lost or gained weight, or had a change in the food he or she likes?	1 3 a.	□ 1	□ 0	13	ь.	\Box 1	□ 2	□ 3

History of F	res	ent	CO	nali	tior) (inte	erviev	HISTORY OF Present Condition (interview)								
MEMORY COMPLAINT/AGE OF ONSET:YesNoRelative to previously attained abilities:1) $\mathbf{\pounds}$ Does the subject report a decline in memory?2) $\mathbf{\pounds}$ Does the informant report a decline in subject3)(999 = Unknown)At what age did the clinician's assessment	cognit	-		e, me	emory	y or n	on-m	nemory abilities	s, begin (based u	pon the						
COGNITIVE SYMPTOMS: Indicate whether the subject <u>currently</u> is impaired meaningfully, relative to previously attained abilities, in the following cognitive domains or has fluctuating cognition:			Current (w/in 4 weeks)		Has been prese since the onse of disorder		Date onset der Date onset (mm / yyyy) 99 – Unk mm 9999 – Unk yyyy		Onset (circle below) 1 - Gradually 2 - Suddenly 3 - Unclear 4 - Undetermined	Course (circle below) 1 - Gradually 2 - Stepwise / Fluctuating 3 - Improved 4 - No Change 5 - Undetermined						
4a) Memory (For example, does s/he forget conversations and/or dates; repeat questions and/or statements; misplace more than usual; forget names of people s/he knows well?)	(1)	(0) £	•	(1)	(0) £	(9) •	(8) V	/	1234	1 2 3 4 5						
4b) Judgment and problem-solving (For example, does s/he have trouble handling money (tips); paying bills; shopping; preparing meals; handling appliances; handling medications; driving?)	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	1 2 3 4 5						
4c) Language (For example, does s/he have hesitant speech; have trouble finding words; use inappropriate words without self-correction?)	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4 5						
4d) Visuospatial function (Difficulty interpreting visual stimuli and finding his/her way around.)	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	1 2 3 4 5						
4e) Getting lost easily	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	12345						
4f) Attention/concentration (For example, does the subject have a short attention span or ability to concentrate? Is s/he easily distracted?)	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	1 2 3 4 5						
History of F	Pres	ent	Со	ndit	tior) (inte	erviev	v)								
Completed By (Initials) Date	Page Name: 1 of 6 PID: Visit:															

HISTORY OF PRESENT CONDITION (interview)													
COGNITIVE SYMPTOMS: Indicate whether the subject <u>currently</u> is impaired meaningfully, relative to previously attained abilities, in the following cognitive domains or has fluctuating cognition:	Current (w/in 4 weeks)			Has been present since the onset of disorder				Date onset (mm / yyyy)	Onset (circle below) 1 - Gradually	Course (circle below) 1 - Gradually 2 - Stepwise /			
	Yes	No) Unknown	Yes	No) Unknown	N/A	99 – Unk mm 9999 – Unk yyyy	 2 - Suddenly 3 - Unclear 4 - Undetermined 	3 - 4 -	Fluc Imp No (uatir ovec hang	ng I
4g) Fluctuating cognition (Does s/he have pronounced variation in attention and alertness, noticeably over hours or days? For example, long periods of staring into space or lapses, or times when his/her ideas have a disorganized flow.)	(1)	(0) £	•	(1)	(0) £	•	(8)	/	1234	1	2	3 4	45
4h) Disorientation to person, place or time	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	1	2	3 4	45
4i) Other (If yes, then specify):	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	1	2	3 4	45
5) Indicate the predominant symptom which was first recognized as a decline in the subject's cognition:	£ 1. Memory £ 6. Other: £ 2. Judgment and problem solving £ 7. Fluctuating cognition £ 3. Language £ 88. N/A £ 4. Visuospatial function £ 99. Unknown £ 5. Attention / concentration £												
 6) Mode of onset of cognitive symptoms: £ 1. Gradual (> 6 months) £ 4. Other: £ 2. Subacute (≤ 6 months) £ 88. N/A £ 3. Abrupt (within days) £ 99. Unknown 													
History of P	rese	ent	Со	ndit	tion	inte	erview	<i>ı</i>)					
Core Revision 2.2 – 2009-07-11			Page 2 of 6			Nar PID:		Visit:					

BEHAVIOR SYMPTOMS: Has been present Current Indicate whether the subject currently manifests the following since the onset of Course (w/in 4 weeks) (circle below) behavioral symptoms. disorder Date onset Onset (circle below) 1 - Gradually 1 - Gradually (mm / yyyy) 2 - Stepwise / 2 - Suddenly Unknown Unknown Fluctuating 3 - Unclear 3 - Improved Yes Yes NA ۶ ۶ 99 – Unk mm 4 - Undetermined 9999 – Unk yyyy 4 - No Change 5 - Undetermined (9) (0) (1) (0) (9) (8) (1)7a) Apathy/withdrawal (Has the subject lost interest in or displayed a reduced ability to initiate usual activities and social £ £ ∇ 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 interaction, such as conversing with family and/or friends?) 7b) Depression (Has the subject seemed depressed for more than two weeks at a time; e.g., loss of interest or pleasure in nearly all £ £ ∇ 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 activities; sadness, hopelessness, loss of appetite, fatigue?) 7c) Psychosis _ £ £ ∇ 7c1) Visual hallucination . 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 1 7c2) Auditory hallucinations £ £ ∇ . 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 7c3) Abnormal/false/delusional beliefs £ £ ∇ ٠ 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 7d) Disinhibition (Does the subject use inappropriate coarse language or exhibit inappropriate speech or behaviors in public or in £ £ ∇ 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 the home? Does s/he talk personally to strangers or have disregard for personal hygiene?) 7e) Irritability (Does the subject overreact, such as shouting at family members or others?) £ £ ∇ 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 7f) Agitation (Does the subject have trouble sitting still; does s/he £ £ ∇ shout, hit, and/or kick?) 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 7g) Personality change (Does the subject exhibit bizarre behavior or behavior uncharacteristic of the subject, such as unusual collecting, suspiciousness [without delusions], unusual dress, or _ £ £ ∇ 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 dietary changes? Does the subject fail to take other's feelings into account?) History of Present Condition (interview) Page Name: Core Revision 2.2 - 2009-07-11 3 of 6

PID:

Visit:

History of F	Pres	sent	Co	ondi	tio	1 (int	terviev	v)		
BEHAVIOR SYMPTOMS: Indicate whether the subject <u>currently</u> manifests the following behavioral symptoms.		Current (w/in 4 weeks)		Has been present since the onset of disorder				Date onset (mm / yyyy)	Onset (circle below) 1 - Gradually	Course (circle below) 1 - Gradually 2 - Stopwico (
	Yes	No	Unknown	Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	99 – Unk mm 9999 – Unk yyyy	 2 - Suddenly 3 - Unclear 4 - Undetermined 	2 - Stepwise / Fluctuating 3 - Improved 4 - No Change 5 - Undetermined
7h) REM sleep behavior disorder (Does the subject appear to act out his/her dreams while sleeping (e.g., punch or flail their arms, shout or scream?)	(1)	(0) £	(9)	(1)	(0) £	(9)	(8)	/	1234	1 2 3 4 5
7i) Anxiety (Does the patient become upset when separated from you? Does he/she have any other signs of nervousness such as shortness of breath, sighing, being unable to relax, or feeling excessively tense?)	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	1 2 3 4 5
7j) Other (If yes, then specify):	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4 5
8) Indicate the <u>predominant</u> symptom which was first recognized as a decline in the subject's behavior:	£ 1. Apathy/withdrawal£ 6. Agitation£ 2. Depression£ 7. Personality Change£ 3. Psychosis£ 8. Other:									
9) Mode of onset of behavioral symptoms:	£ 1. Gradual (> 6 months) £ 4. Other: £ 2. Subacute (≤ 6 months) £ 88. N/A £ 3. Abrupt (within days) £ 99. Unknown				N/A					
History of F	Pres	sent	Co	ndi	tior) (int	terviev	v)		
Core Revision 2.2 – 2009-07-11			Pag 4 of			Na PIE	ame: D:	Visit:		

HISTORY OF P	res	ent	CO	nai	lior	I (int	erviev	v)					
MOTOR SYMPTOMS: Indicate where the subject <u>currently</u> has the following motor symptoms:	Current (w/in 4 weeks			Has been present since onset of diso			ce the		Onset (circle below) 1 - Gradually	Course (circle below) 1 - Gradually 2 - Stepwise /			
	Yes	No	Unknown	Yes	No	Unknown	NA	99 – Unk mm 9999 – Unk yyyy	 2 - Suddenly 3 - Unclear 4 - Undetermined 	F 3 - II 4 - N	luctu mpro lo Ch	ating	ied
10a) Gait disorder (Has the subject's walking changed, not specifically due to arthritis or an injury? Is s/he unsteady, or does s/he shuffle when walking, have little or no arm-swing, or drag a foot?)	(1)	(0) £	(9) •	(1)	(0) £	(9) •	(8) V	/	1234	1	2 3	8 4	5
10b) Falls (Does the subject fall more than usual?)	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1 2 3 4	1	23	3 4	5
10c) Tremor (Has the subject had rhythmic shaking, especially in the hands, arms, legs, head, mouth, or tongue?)	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	1	23	34	5
10d) Slowness (Has the subject noticeably slowed down in walking or moving or handwriting, other than due to an injury or illness? Has his/her facial expression changed, or become more "wooden" or masked and unexpressive?)	-	£	•	-	£	•	∇	/	1234	1	23	84	5
11) Indicate the <u>predominant</u> symptom which was first recognized as a decline in the subject's motor symptoms:	£1. Gait Disorder£4. Slowness£2. Falls£88. N/A£3. Tremor£99. Unknown												
12) Mode of onset of motor symptoms:	\pounds 1. Gradual (> 6 months) \pounds 4. Other: \pounds 2. Subacute (\leq 6 months) \pounds 88. N/A \pounds 3. Abrupt (within days) \pounds 99. Unknown												
History of P	Proc	ont		ndi	tion								
	162	ent				I (int	erviev	N)					
Core Revision 2.2 – 2009-07-11			Page 5 of 6			Na PIC	me:	Visit:					

History of Present Condition (interview)										
13) Course of overall cognitive / behavioral / motor syndrome:										
	 € 1. Gradually progres € 2. Stepwise € 3. Static / Unchangi 	\pounds 5. Improved								
14) Indicate the predominant domain which was first recognized as changed in the subject: £ 1. Cognition £ 3. Motor function £ 2. Behavior £ 4. Unknown £ 88. N/A										
15) $$ Yes $ {f \pounds} $ No $$ Has the subject ever been diagnosed with	h Dementia?									
IF YES 15a) / Date of Dementia Diagnosis 15b) / Date of Initial Symptom of Onset										
Comments:										
History of Present Condition (interview)										
	Page	Name:								
Core Revision 2.2 – 2009-07-11	6 of 6	PID: Visit:								

List of Medications and Supplements:

				# Per	_	Unit	Freq.	Route	Mo-Year Started		Multum
		Drug Name		Dose	Dose	Code	Code	Code	(if unknown enter 9's)	Reason for Starting	Code
	Σ										
	Medication										
	cat										
	ion										
	ı List										
	st (t										
	(time of visit)										
:	of vis										
	it)										
		Drug Code:	Frequency Code:			it Code:		Route C	ode:	Multum	
		Multum DB	1- QD, once a day 2- BID, twice a day		2-	mg. cc or ml		1- po, b 2- topic		Entry Date:/	/

A.4.1

- 3- IID, three times a day
- 4- QID, four times a day
- 5- QHS, once a day @ bedtime 6- PRN, as needed or occasionally
- 3- i.u. 4- other 5- unspecified

3- inhaled 4- injected 5- other

Entry By

(initials): _



phone: (206) 543-8637; fax: (206) 616-5927 e-mail: naccmail@u.washington.edu website: www.alz.washington.edu

NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet Form A4: Subject Medications

Center:	31	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date: / /

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or ADC staff. Record ALL medications (prescription, non-prescription, and vitamin/supplements) taken by the subject within the past two weeks.

If a medication is not one of the 100 drugs listed below, specify the drug or brand name and determine its drugID by using the Lookup Tool on the NACC website at https://www.alz.washington.edu/NONMEMBER/UDS/DrugCodeLookUp.html.

ADC Visit #:____

Examiner's initials:

Is the subject currently taking any medications?

□ Yes 🗆 No

Medication Name	drugiD	Medication Name	drugID
acetaminophen (Anacin, Tempra, Tylenol)	d00049	cyanocobalamin (Neuroforte-R, Vitamin B12)	d00413
acetaminophen-hydrocodone (Vicodin)	d03428	digoxin (Digitek, Lanoxin)	d00210
albuterol (Proventil, Ventolin, Volmax)	d00749	diltiazem (Cardizem, Tiazac)	d00045
alendronate (Fosamax)	d03849	divalproex sodium (Depakote)	d03833
allopurinol (Aloprim, Lopurin, Zyloprim)	d00023	docusate (Calcium Stool Softener, Dioctyl SS)	d01021
alprazolam (Niravam, Xanax)	d00168	donepezil (Aricept)	d04099
amitriptyline (Elavil. Endep, Vanatrip)	d00146	enalapril (Vasotec)	d00013
amlodipine (Norvasc)	d00689	ergocalciferol (Calciferol, Drisdol, Vitamin D)	d03128
ascorbic acid (C Complex, Vitamin C)	d00426	escitalopram (Lexapro)	d04812
aspirin	d00170	estradiol (Estrace, Estrogel, Fempatch)	d00537
atenolol (Senormin, Tenormin)	d00004	famotidine (Mylanta AR, Pepcid)	d00141
atorvastatin (Lipitor)	d04105	ferrous sulfate (FeroSul, Iron Supplement)	d03824
benazepril (Lotensin)	d00730	fexofenadine (Allegra)	d04040
bupropion (Budeprion, Wellbutrin, Zyban)	d00181	finasteride (Propecia, Proscar)	d00563
calcium acetate (Calphron, PhosLo)	d03689	fluoxetine (Prozac)	d00236
calcium carbonate (Rolaids, Tums)	d00425	folic acid (Folic Acid)	d00241
calcium-vitamin D (Dical-D, O-Cal-D)	d03137	furosemide (Lasix)	d00070
 carbidopa-levodopa (Atamet, Sinemet) 	d03473	gabapentin (Neurontin)	d03182
Celecoxib (Celebrex)	d04380	galantamine (Razadyne, Reminyl)	d04750
🗌 citalopram (Celexa)	d04332	glipizide (Glucotrol)	d00246
Clonazepam (Klonopin)	d00197	glucosamine (Hydrochloride)	d04418
Clopidogrel (Plavix)	d04258	glyburide (DiaBeta, Glycron, Micronase)	d00248
conjugated estrogens (Cenestin, Premarin)	d00541	hydrochlorothiazide (Esidrix, Hydrodiuril)	d00253
conj. estrogmedroxyprogesterone (Prempro)	d03819	hydrochlorothiazide-triamterene (Dyazide)	d03052

Center: 31

Form	Date:	1
1 VIIII	Date.	/

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or ADC staff. Record ALL medications (prescription, non-prescription, and vitamin/supplements) taken by the subject within the past two weeks.

If a medication is not one of the 100 drugs listed below, specify the drug or brand name and determine its drugID by using the Lookup Tool on the NACC website at https://www.alz.washington.edu/NONMEMBER/UDS/DrugCodeLookUp.html.

ADC Visit #:

Medication Name	drugID	Medication Name	drugID
🗌 ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin, Nuprin)	d00015	pyridoxine (Vitamin B6)	d00412
lansoprazole (Prevacid)	d03828	quetiapine (Seroquel)	d04220
latanoprost ophthalmic (Xalatan)	d04017	rabeprazole (Aciphex)	d04448
levothyroxine (Levothroid, Levoxyl, Synthroid)	d00278	raloxifene (Evista)	d04261
lisinopril (Prinivil, Zestril)	d00732	ranitidine (Zantac)	d00021
loratadine (Alavert, Claritin, Dimetapp, Tavist)	d03050	risperidone (Risperdal)	d03180
lorazepam (Ativan)	d001 4 9	rivastigmine (Exelon)	d04537
🗌 losartan (Cozaar)	d03821	sertraline (Zoloft)	d00880
lovastatin (Altocor, Mevacor)	d00280	simvastatin (Zocor)	d00746
medroxyprogesterone (Depo-Provera)	d00284	tamsulosin (Flomax)	d04121
memantine (Namenda)	d04899	temazepam (Restoril)	d00384
metformin (Glucophage, Riomet)	d03807	terazosin (Hytrin)	d00386
metaprolol (Lopressor, Toprol-XL)	d00134	tolterodine (Detrol)	d04294
mirtazapine (Remeron)	d04025	trazcdone (Desyrel)	d00395
🗌 multivitamin	d03140	trolamine salicylate topical (Analgesia Creme)	d03884
multivitamin with minerals	d03145	🔲 valsartan (Diovan)	d04113
naproxen (Aleve, Anaprox, Naprosyn)	d00019	venlafaxine (Effexor)	d03181
niacin (Niacor, Nico-400, Nicotinic Acid)	d00314	verapamil (Calan, Isoptin, Verelan)	d00048
nifedipine (Adalat, Procardia)	d00051	vitamin E (Aquavite-E, Centrum Singles)	d00405
nitroglycerin (Nitro-Bid, Nitro-Dur, Nitrostat)	d00321	warfarin (Coumadin, Jantoven)	d00022
olanzapine (Zyprexa)	d04050	zolpidem (Ambien)	d00910
omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids (Omacor)	d00497	Specify:	d
omeprazole (Prilosec)	d00325	Specify:	d
oxybutynin (Ditropan, Urotrol)	d00328	Specify:	d
pantoprazole (Protonix)	d04514	Specify:	d
paroxetine (Paxil, Paxil CR, Pexeva)	d03157	Specify:	d
phenytoin (Dilantin)	d00143	Specify:	d
potassium chloride (K-Dur 10, K-Lor, Slow-K)	d00345	Specify:	d
pravastatin (Pravachol)	d00348	Specify:	d
prednisone (Deltasone, Orasone)	d00350	Specify:	d
psyllium (Fiberall, Metamucil)	d01018	Specify:	d

UDS Initial Form A4: Subject Medications (version 2.0, February 2008)

MEDICATION ALLERGIES

1. \pounds Yes \pounds No Does the subject have a medication allergy?

If yes, indicate which medications or classes below:

а.	\mathbf{f} Yes	\pounds No	Penicillin
b.	\mathbf{f} Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Cephalosporin
C.	\mathbf{f} Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Sulfa
d.	\mathbf{f} Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Codeine
e.	\mathbf{f} Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Demerol
f.	\mathbf{f} Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Morphine
g.	${f \pounds}$ Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Valium
h.	${f \pounds}$ Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Aspirin
i.	${f \pounds}$ Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Ibuprofen
j.	\mathbf{f} Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Iodine
k.	${f \pounds}$ Yes	$\mathbf{\pounds}$ No	Other (List)

Comments:

MEDICATION ALLERGIES Medication Page Name: Completed By (Initials) Date 1 of 1 PID: Visit:

A.4.2



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form A5: Subject Health History

Cent	ter:	31 ADC Subject II	D:	F	orm Date:/	_/		
and	exa	This form is to be completed by the cl mples, see UDS Coding Guidebook fo only <u>one</u> box per question.	ADC Examiner's	Visit #:				
	Record the presence or absence of a <u>history</u> of these conditions at this visit as determined by the clinician's best judgment, based on informant report, medical records, and/or observation.							
1.	Ca	rdiovascular disease	Absent	Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown		
	a.	Heart attack/cardiac arrest	□ 0		□ 2	□ 9		
	b.	Atrial fibrillation			□ 2	□ 9		
	c.	Angioplasty/endarterectomy/stent	□ 0		$\Box 2$	□9		
	d.	Cardiac bypass procedure			□ 2	□ 9		
	c.	Pacemaker	□ 0		□ 2	□9		
	f.	Congestive heart failure			□ 2	□ 9		
	g.	Other (<i>specify</i>):	□ 0	□ 1	□ 2	□9		
2.	Ce	rebrovascular disease	Absent	Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown		
	a.	Stroke If recent/active or remote/inactive, indicate year(s) in which this occurred:	□ 0		□ 2	□9		
		(9999 = Year unknown)	1)	2)	3)			
			4)	5)	6)			
	b.	Transient ischemic attack If recent/active or remote/inactive, indicate year(s)	□ 0	□ 1	□ 2	□9		
		in which this occurred: (9999 = Year unknown)	1)	2)	3)			
			4)	5)	6)			
	c.	Other (<i>specify</i>):			□ 2			

Center:	31
---------	----

Cent	er:	31 ADC Subject	ID:		Form Date:/	
and	exa	This form is to be completed by the o imples, see UDS Coding Guidebook only <u>one</u> box per question.			n ADC	Visit #:
3.	Pa	rkinsonian features		Absent	Recent/Active	Unknown
	a.	Parkinson's disease			\Box 1	9
		If recent/active, indicate year of di	agnosis: 9999 = Year unknown)			
	b.	Other Parkinsonism disorder		$\Box 0$	\Box 1	□ 9
		If recent/active, indicate year of di	agnosis: 9999 = Year unknown)			
4.	Ot	her neurologic conditions	Absent	Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown
	a.	Seizures		□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 9
	b.					
		 with brief loss of consciousness (< 5 minutes) 		□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 9
		 with extended loss of consciousness (> 5 minutes) 		□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
		 with chronic deficit or dysfunction 		□ 1		□ 9
	c.	Other (specify):		□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
5.	М	edical/metabolic conditions	Absent	Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown
	a.	Hypertension		□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 9
	b.	Hypercholesterolemia		\Box 1	$\Box 2$	□ 9
	c.	Diabetes		\Box 1	$\Box 2$	
	d.	B12 deficiency			$\Box 2$	□ 9
	e.	Thyroid disease		□ 1	□ 2	□ 9
	ſ.	Incontinence – urinary	$\Box 0$	□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 9
	g.	Incontinence – bowel		□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 9
UDS	Ini	itial Form A5: Subject Health History (version 2.0, Februar	у 2008) РІІ у 2008) Vis		Page 2 of

Center:		31 ADC Subject ID:	Form Date:/_	n Date://				
and	exa	This form is to be completed by the clir mples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for only <u>one</u> box per question.	nician. For a	additio	nal clarificatio	n ADC	Visit #:	
6.	De	pression			No	Yes	Unknown	
	a.	Active within past 2 years					□ 9	
	b.	Other episodes (prior to 2 years)				□ 1	□9	
7.		bstance abuse and psychiatric sorders						
	a.	Substance abuse alcohol	Absent		Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown	
		 Clinically significant impairment occurring over a 12-month period manifested in one of the following: work, driving, legal or social. 	0		□ 1	□ 2	□ 9	
	b.	Cigarette smoking history			No	Yes	Unknown	
		 Has subject smoked within last 30 days? 				□ 1	□ 9	
		 Has subject smoked more than 100 cigarettes in his/her life? 				□ 1	□ 9	
		3) Total years smoked: $(88 = N)$	/A: 99 = Unkno	own) _				
		4) Average number of packs/day sm	noked:					
		\Box 1 1 cigarette – < ½	2 pack	□4	$1\frac{1}{2} - \le 2$ pack	as 🗌 9 Unk	nown	
		$\Box 2 \frac{1}{2} = 1$ pack			≥ 2 packs	2 packs		
		\Box 3 1 – < 1½ pack			N/A			
		5) If subject quit smoking, specify a when last smoked (i.e., quit): (888 = N/2)	ge 1: 999 = Unkn	own) _				
	c.	Other abused substances	Absent		Recent/Active	Remote/Inactive	Unknown	
		 Clinically significant impairment occurring over a 12-month period manifested in one of the following: work, driving, legal or social. 	□ 0		□ 1	□ 2	□ 9	
		If recent/active or remote/inactive	e, specify a	bused	substance(s):			
	d.	Psychiatric disorders			□ 1	□ 2	□ 9	
		If recent/active or remote/inactive, sp	ecify disor	rder(s):				
JDS	Ini	tial Form A5: Subject Health History (ver	rsion 2.0, Fe	ebruary	20081	PID: Visit:	Page 3 of 3	

Medical History

Medical Conditions

		Decent/	Bamata (Not	M/YYYY Opeot			
	Absent	Recent/ Active	Remote/ Inactive	Not Determined	Onset Date			
	Vascular							
	£	-	•	£		Angina (Chest pain)		
2	£	-	•	£		Heart Attack / Cardiac Arrest		
3	£	_	•	£		Hypertension (High Blood Pressure)		
4	£	_	•	£		Hyperlipidemia (High cholesterol, LDL or Triglycerides)		
5	£	_	•	£		Stroke Years:		
6	£	-	•	£		TIA (Stroke like event <24hrs) Years:		
7								
8	• £ • £ Pacemaker							
Neu 9	urolog			0				
-	£	_	•	£		Idiopathic Parkinson's disease (Diagnosed Year:)		
10	£	_	•	£		Head Trauma: a) \pounds (1)LOC <5min \pounds (2)LOC >5min \pounds (9)ND		
11	£	_	•	£		Seizure Disorder		
12	£	-	•	£		Incontinence: a) £ Urine b) £ Feces		
13	£ £	_	•	£		Falls (In last year mark active, otherwise mark inactive) a) Num of:		
14	£		•	£		Other CNS disease (specify):		
Cor	nmor	Modia						
15	Common Medical 15 £ • £ Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy (BPH)							
16	£	-	•	£		Sleep Apnea a) £ Yes £ No £ ND – Being Treated?		
17	£	-	•	£		Thyroid		
18	£	-	•	∼ £		B12 Deficiency		
19	£	-	•	£		Diabetes Mellitus		
Psv	chiatr	ic		~				
20	£	-	•	£		(Premorbid = Prior to onset of dementia) Psychotic Disorders a) £ Yes £ No £ ND – Premorbid Hx?		
21	£	-	•	r £		Depression (>2 mo.) a) \pounds Yes \pounds No \pounds ND - Medications?		
22		_				Anxiety Disorders a) \pounds Yes \pounds No \pounds ND – Premorbid Hx?		
	£	-	•	£		b) \pounds Yes \pounds No \pounds ND – Medications?		
Alco	ohol /	Subst	ance					
23	£	-	•	£		Alcohol Abuse or Dependence		
24	£	-	•	£		Substance related Disorders (Non-alcohol)		
Gas	stroint	estina				· · ·		
25	£	-	•	£		GI disease		
26	£	-	•	£		Peptic Ulcer		
Ser	isory							
27	£	-	•	£		Hearing Impairment		
28	£	-	٠	£		Visual Impairment (Non-Correctable)		
29	£	-	٠	£		Glaucoma		
30	£	-	•	£		Macular Degeneration		
31	£	-	•	£		Cataracts		
Use	e of Ai	ds						
32				rs Hearing				
33	£ Yes	s £ No	- Wear	s Glasses	or Corre	ctive Lens		
					Ν	Nedical History		
UCI	MIND 20	009©				Research Name:		
			ion 2.01	01/27/2010		Page 1 of 3 PID:		
						Visit:		

Medical History

						<u> </u>		
	Absent	Recent/ Active	Remote/ Inactive	Not Determined	MM/YYYY Onset Date			
Oth	ner Me	edical	Conditio	ns				
34	£	-	٠	£		Heart Valve Disease (mitral Valve prolapsed, Aortic Stenosis)		
35	£	-	٠	£		Congestive Heart Failure		
36	£	-	٠	£		Other Heart Conditions (specify):		
37	£	-	•	£		Asthma, COPD or other respiratory insufficiency		
38	£	-	•	£		Renal Insufficiency (Kidney problems)		
39	£	-	•	£		Hepatic Insufficiency (Liver problems)		
40	£	-	•	£		Osteoarthritis (Ordinary arthritis)		
41	£	-	•	£		Rheumatoid arthritis / Lupus / Scleroderma		
42	£	-	•	£		Cancer: Breast / Colon / GYN / Prostate / Melanoma / Other:		
43	£	-	٠	£		STD's		
43a	£	-	٠	£		Syphilis		
43b	£	-	•	£		HIV		
43c	£	-	•	£		Hepatitis B		
43d	£	-	•	£		Hepatitis C		
44	£	-	•	£		Other Medical:		
Sur	gerie	c						
45	£	-	٠	£		Open Heart Surgery / Cardiac Bypass Procedure		
46	£	-	•	£		Angioplasty / Endarterectomy / Stent		
47	£	-	•	£		Hysterectomy / Oophorectomy		
48	£	-	•	£		Other Surgeries:		
						o litor our gonosi		
Hos	spitali	zatior	าร					
49		£ No	1	ou been ev	er been	hospitalized, or since your last study evaluation in the last year?		
	Month/Year Hospital			Reason				
L	l							

Medical History						
UCI MIND 2009© Core UDS 2.0 Revision 2.01 01/27/2010	Research Page 2 of 3	Name: PID: Visit:				

Medical History

ivieuicai riistoi y
 Smoking History 50. £ Yes £ No - Has the subject ever smoked? (If yes, please answer the following) a) £ Yes £ No - Has the subject smoked in the last 30 days? b) £ Yes £ No - Has the subject quit smoking?
1) Age when stopped smoking (999 = unknown)
 c) Total years smoked (99 = unknown) d) Check the average number of packs per day smoked 1) £ 1 cig < ½ pack 2) £ ½ to 1 ½ packs 3) £ 1 ½ to 2 packs
 Alcohol Use (Past Year) 51) £ Yes £ No - Does the subject currently use alcohol? (Yes - Answer a-c below) a) Please specify the average number of each type of drink the subject has consumed in a typical day over the past year. [1 drink is = to 1 oz. liquor, 4 oz. of wine, 12 oz. of beer] [1 standard bottle of wine (750 ml) = 5 drinks] [One mixed drink may contain from 1-3 or more standard drinks if it contains multiple liquors]
[a pint of hard liquor = 11 drinks; "a fifth" of hard liquor = 17 drinks] # of Drinks Per Day (99 = ND)
1) Hard Liquor 2) Wine 3) Beer
 b) £ Yes £ No £ ND Has the subject consumed greater than 4 drinks (if female) or 5 drinks (if male) on any given occasion in the past year? If Yes, how frequently has this occurred? 1) £ Daily 2) £ Weekly 4) £ Less than monthly (e.g. several times per year)
 c) In your opinion, has the subject's alcohol use resulted in any of the following changes over the past year? £ Yes £ No Personality changes such as increased irritability/agitation £ Yes £ No ND - Loss of balance and/or increased falling
 Past Alcohol Use 52) £ Yes £ No £ ND - Did the subject use alcohol in the previous 5 years? (If yes, please answer the following) a) On average, how much did the subject drink? 1. £ 0-7 drinks/week or about 1 drink/day 2. £ 8-14 drinks/week or about 2 drinks/day 3. £ 15-21 drinks/week or about 3 drinks/day 4. £ 22-28 drinks/week or about 4 drinks/day 5. £ Greater than 30 drinks/week or about 5 drinks/day
b) £ Yes £ No- Did the subject stop drinking? (Yes - Answer the following)
1) What year did the subject stop drinking? (4 digits)
 Past Alcohol Abuse 53) £ Yes £ No £ ND - Does the subject have a history of alcohol abuse? (e.g. passing out, DUIs, negative legal, social, or occupational consequences from drinking?)
Medical History
UCI MIND 2009©ResearchName:Core UDS 2.0 Revision 2.01 01/27/2010Page 3 of 3PID:Visit:



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form B1: Evaluation Form - Physical

Center: 31	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date: / /

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B1.

ADC Visit #:____

Examiner's initials:

	SUBJECT PHYSICAL MEASUREMENTS							
1.	Subject height (inches):	(99.9 = unknown)	·_					
2.	Subject weight (lbs.):	(999 – unknown)						
3.	Subject blood pressure (sitting)	(999/999 = unknown)	/					
4.	Subject resting heart rate (pulse)	(999 = unknown)						

ADDIT	IONAL PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS	Yes	No	Unknown
	hout corrective lenses, is the subject's vision ctionally normal?			□9
6. Doc	es the subject usually wear corrective lenses?	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
1	If yes, is the subject's vision functionally normal <u>with</u> corrective lenses?	□1	0	□ 9
1	hout a hearing aid(s), is the subject's hearing etionally normal?	□ 1		□ 9
8. Doe	es the subject usually wear a hearing aid(s)?	🗆 l	□ 0	□9
	If yes, is the subject's hearing functionally normal <u>with</u> a hearing aid(s)?	□ 1		□9

General Physical

Pulse /	Bloo	d Pressı	ure * - R	equired	Visual Acuity	LT	RT	Height
Sitting		*1a)	1a	1)/	W/O Correction	: 2a) 20/	_ 2a1) 20/	*3a)″
-)/				
	-						_ 201) 20/	-
Supine	:	1c)	1c1)/	Both Eyes Toge	ther		*3b) lbs
					*2c) 20/ 2	2d)£Yes£I	No Corrective L	ens Used
	WNL	ABN	ND	<u>General</u>				
	£	-	•	General appeara	ince			
	£	-	•	Alert, NAD				
	£	-	•	Well developed,	nourished,			
7.	£	-	•	Personal hygien	e			
0	0	_		ENT	1			
8.	£		•	Hearing intact b				
				I	E Mod E Seve	re		
(//		te the f		g for State ass				
	£ £	_	•	External canal a		•		
	$\frac{\mathbf{t}}{\mathbf{f}}$	_	•		opharynx pink, no les			
11.	£		•		eptum, turbinate inta	ct		
				<u>Head</u>				
12.	£	-	•	ATNC, no scars,	lesions			
13.	£	-	•	No sinus tender	ness			
	-			<u>Eyes</u>				
	£	-	•		onjunctiva intact,			
15.	£	-	•		exudates, hemorrha	ge, nicking		
16.	£	_		<u>Neck</u>	Aw/a nain			
	$\frac{\mathbf{r}}{\mathbf{f}}$	_	•	Supple, free RO				
	$\frac{\mathbf{r}}{\mathbf{f}}$	_	•	No thyroidmega No carotid bruits	-			
10.	L			Lymph nodes				
19.	£	-	•	No cervical lymp	hadenopathy			
	£	-	•	Other lymph not				
				Lungs				
21.	£	-	•	Expansion symmetry	netrical, clear to auscu	Iltation		
22	0	_		Heart				
	£ £	_	•	RRR				
23.	£		•	No murmurs, ru <u>Abdomen</u>	os, galiops			
24.	£	-	•		owel sounds normal			
	$\tilde{\mathbf{f}}$	-	•	No masses, orga				
	~			Extremities				
	£	-	•	No deformities,	lesions			
27.	£	-	•	No edema				
	£	-	•	Varicosities				
29.	£	-	•	Pulses +/=				
	_			<u>Skin</u>	-			
30.	£	_	•	Dry, intact, no le	esions			
Signatu	ire:				General Ph	nysical		
	MIN	D 2009			Research	Name:		
			/© /19/2009	9	Page 1 of 1	PID:		
1013	1011	1.0 10/	177200	,	5	Visit:		

	Neu	ro C	ase	Sum	mary	/			
Gender: M / F Age:	Race:					Edu	Yrs:		_
Handedness: L / R / Both	Curren	tly Wor	king	: Y/N		Occu	pation	:	
Current Driving: Y / N If	NO:		•				-		
Previous Evaluation: Y / N		an							
	-					Year	Seen:		
	Past Di	agnosis	s:						
HPI:									
	Year of Onset			Onset		Cou			New Symptom
Cognitive Symptoms			Sud	Uncl	Grd	St/FI		NoCh	0
Memory		£		•	£	_	•	∇	£
Judgement		£	-	•	£		•	∇	£
Language		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Visuospatial		£	-	•	£	-	٠	∇	£
Getting Lost		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Attention/Concentration		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Fluctuating Cognition		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Disorientation		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Behavior Symptoms					1				
Apathy		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Depression		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Visual Hallucinations		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Auditory Hallucinations		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Delusional Beliefs		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Disinhibition		£	-	•	£	-	٠	∇	£
Irritability		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Agitation		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Personality Change		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
REM Sleep Disorder		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Anxiety		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Motor Symptoms									
Gait Disorder		£	-	•	£	-	٠	∇	£
Falls		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£
Tremor		£	-	•	£	-	•	∇	£

Comments:

Slowness

Neuro Case Summary						
Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders 2009®	Page	Name:				
Core UDS Revision 2010-07	1 of 2	PID:	Visit:			

£ -

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£

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£

		Neuro	Case S	ummary	/ (Cont	.)		
Family Hx: £ No	o Family I	History						
Relationship	AD (Age)	Sen/Dem	PD	Stroke	Psych III	Depression	Age of Death	
			£	£	£	£		
			£	£	£	£		
			£	£	£	£		
			£	£	£	£		
Medical Hx: £ M	No Signifi	cant Medical	History					
£ Atrial Fibrill		£	Hyperten	sion		Sensory	Problems	
£ CAD / Hear	t Attack		Hyperlipi	demia		E Cataracts		
£ Pacemaker			Diabetes			E Glaucoma		
£ Stroke / TI/			Thyroid d			E Macular dege		
£ Parkinson's			Asthma /		:	E Hearing impa	airment	
£ Seizures	~~		Liver pro			Concer.		
£ Head Injuri £ Osteoarthri			Kidney p	ence (Urine		E Cancer:		
£ Osteoartini £ Rheumatoid			Sleep apr	•				
		~						
Surgical Hx: £	No Signif	icant Surgica	l History					
					Date:			
	0							
Habit Hx: £ No	Significal	nt Habit Histo	bry					
<u>Alcohol</u>				<u>Tobacco</u>				
[–] Yes £No A	Icohol Ab	ouse	⁻ Yes £No Ever smoke					
	_			⁻ Yes £No		tly smoking		
	urrent us		Years smoked					
A	verage p	erweek	Average packs / day Age quit					
					Age qu			
Imaging (MRI/CT)):							
Labs:				ROS:				
PE:								
• • •								
		Neuro	Case S	ummary	/ (Cont	.)		
Institute for Memory Impairr	ments and Ne	urological Disorde	rs	Dama	Name:			
2009©				Page		11:-11		
Core UDS Revision 2010-07				2 of 2	PID:	Visit:		



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

Form B2: Evaluation Form – HIS and CVD

enter:	31 ADC Subject ID:	Form Date:_	
ofessiona	form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health I. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding for Initial Visit Packet, Form B2.	Exan	ADC Visit #: hiner's initials:
H	ACHINSKI ISCHEMIC SCORE ¹		
ex	ase complete the following scale using information obtained from histo am and/or medical records. Circle the appropriate value to indicate if a aracteristic of the patient) or absent.		
	· · ·	Present	Absent
1.	Abrupt onset (re: cognitive status)	2	0
2.	Stepwise deterioration (re: cognitive status)	1	0
3.	Somatic complaints	1	0
4.	Emotional incontinence	1	0
5.	History or presence of hypertension	1	0
6.	History of stroke	2	0
7.	Focal neurological symptoms	2	0
8.	Focal neurological signs	2	0
9.	Sum all circled answers for a Total Score:		

¹ Rosen Modification of Hachinski Ischemic Score (*Ann Neurol* 7:486-488, 1980). Copyright© John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Reproduced by permission.

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B2.

ADC Visit #:____

CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE	Yes	No	N/A
10. Using your best judgment, do you believe that cerebrovascular disease (CVD) is contributing to the cognitive impairment?			□ 8
11. If there is a stroke, is there a temporal relationship between stroke and onset of cognitive impairment?			
12. Is there imaging evidence which supports that CVD is contributing to the cognitive impairment?	□ 1		
12a. If yes, indicate which imaging evidence was found:			
1) Single strategic infarct	□ 1		
2) Multiple infarets		$\Box 0$	
3) Extensive white matter hyperintensity	□ 1	□ 0	
4) Other (<i>specify</i>):		$\Box 0$	



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form B3: Evaluation Form – Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale (UPDRS¹) – Motor Exam

Cen	ter: 31		ADC Subject ID:		Form Date://
For	additional of	larific	o be completed by the clinician or other cation and examples, see UDS Coding G eck only <u>one</u> box per question.		
1.	Speech		Normal.		Marked impairment, difficult to understand.
		$\Box 1$	Slight loss of expression, diction and/or	□4	Unintelligible.
			volume.		Untestable (specify reason):
		□ 2	Monotone, slurred but understandable; moderately impaired.		
2.	Facial	$\Box 0$	Normal.		Moderate hypomimia; lips parted some of the time.
	expression	□ 1	Minimal hypomimia, could be normal "poker face".	□4	Masked or fixed facies with severe or complete loss of facial expression; lips parted $\frac{1}{4}$ inches or more.
		$\Box 2$	Slight but definitely abnormal diminution of facial expression.		Untestable (specify reason):
3.	Tremor at r	est			
3a.	Face, lips, chin		Absent. Slight and infrequently present.	□3	Moderate in amplitude and present most of the time.
	1		Mild in amplitude and persistent; or	□4	Marked in amplitude and present most of the time.
			moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.		Untestable (specify reason):
3b	Right		Absent.		Moderate in amplitude and present most of the
	hand	\Box 1	Slight and infrequently present.		time.
			Mild in amplitude and persistent; or moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.		Marked in amplitude and present most of the time. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):

¹ Fahn S, Elton RL, UPDRS Development Committee. The Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale. In Fahn S, Marsden CD, Calne DB, Goldstein M, eds. Recent developments in Parkinson's disease, Vol. 2. Florham Park, NJ: Macmillan Healthcare Information, 1987:153-163, 293-304. Reproduced by permission of the author.

Form Date: / / /

ADC Visit #:

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B3.Check only one box per question.

30					
50.	Left hand		Absent.	□ 3	Moderate in amplitude and present most of the time.
			8 1 1	$\Box 4$	Marked in amplitude and present most of the time.
		$\Box 2$	Mild in amplitude and persistent; or moderate in amplitude, but only		Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
			intermittently present.		
3d.	Right	$\Box 0$	Absent.	□3	Moderate in amplitude and present most of the
	foot	$\Box 1$	Slight and infrequently present.		time.
		$\Box 2$	Mild in amplitude and persistent; or		Marked in amplitude and present most of the time.
			moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.	∐8	Untestable (specify reason):
3e.	Left	$\Box 0$	Absent.	□3	Moderate in amplitude and present most of the
	foot	$\Box 1$	Slight and infrequently present.		time.
		$\Box 2$	Mild in amplitude and persistent; or	□4	Marked in amplitude and present most of the time.
			moderate in amplitude, but only intermittently present.		Untestable (specify reason):
4.	Action or p	ostura	l tremor of hands		
4a.	Right	$\Box 0$	Absent.	$\Box 3$	Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well
	hand	$\Box 1$	Slight; present with action.		as action.
1					
		$\Box 2$	Moderate in amplitude, present with	$\Box 4$	Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding.
		□ 2	Moderate in amplitude, present with action.	$\square 4$ $\square 8$	
4b.	Leît			□ 8	Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well
4b.	Left hand		action. Absent.		Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well as action.
4b.		□ 0 □ 1	action. Absent. Slight; present with action. Moderate in amplitude, present with	□ 8 □ 3 □ 4	Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well as action. Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding.
4b.		□ 0 □ 1	action. Absent. Slight; present with action.	□ 8 □ 3 □ 4	Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well as action.
	hand	□ 0 □ 1 □ 2	action. Absent. Slight; present with action. Moderate in amplitude, present with action.	□ 8 □ 3 □ 4 □ 8	Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well as action. Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
	hand	□ 0 □ 1 □ 2	action. Absent. Slight; present with action. Moderate in amplitude, present with action.	□ 8 □ 3 □ 4 □ 8	Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well as action. Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding.
5.	hand Rigidity (ju	□ 0 □ 1 □ 2	action. Absent. Slight; present with action. Moderate in amplitude, present with action.	□ 8 □ 3 □ 4 □ 8	Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well as action. Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
5.	hand Rigidity (ju ignored)	□ 0 □ 1 □ 2	action. Absent. Slight; present with action. Moderate in amplitude, present with action. on passive movement of major joints with Absent. Slight or detectable only when activated	□ 8 □ 3 □ 4 □ 8	Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well as action. Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): t relaxed in sitting position; cogwheeling to be
5.	hand Rigidity (ju ignored)	□ 0 □ 1 □ 2 ndged □ 0 □ 1	action. Absent. Slight; present with action. Moderate in amplitude, present with action. on passive movement of major joints with Absent.	□ 8 □ 3 □ 4 □ 8 patien	Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Moderate in amplitude with posture holding as well as action. Marked in amplitude; interferes with feeding. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): t relaxed in sitting position; cogwheeling to be Marked, but full range of motion casily achieved.

Center:	31

Form Date: ___ / ___ /

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional. ADC Visit #: _____ For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B3.Check only <u>one</u> box per question.

	Right upper extremity Left		Absent. Slight or detectable only when activated by mirror or other movements. Mild to moderate. Absent.	□4 □8	Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved. Severe; range of motion achieved with difficulty. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>): Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved.
	upper extremity	□ 1 □ 2	Slight or detectable only when activated by mirror or other movements. Mild to moderate.		Severe; range of motion achieved with difficulty. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
5d.	Right lower extremity	□ 1	Absent. Slight or detectable only when activated by mirror or other movements. Mild to moderate.	□4	Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved. Severe; range of motion achieved with difficulty. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
5e.	Left lower extremity	□ 1	Absent. Slight or detectable only when activated by mirror or other movements. Mild to moderate.	□4	Marked, but full range of motion easily achieved. Severe; range of motion achieved with difficulty. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
6.	Finger taps	(patio	ent taps thumb with index finger in rapid su	ecessi	on)
6a.	Right hand	□ 1	Normal. Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude. Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.	□4	Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement. Can barely perform the task. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
6b.	Left hand	□ 1	Normal. Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude. Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.	□4	Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement. Can barely perform the task. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
7.	Hand move	ment	s (patient opens and closes hands in rapid s	uccess	ion)
7a.	Right hand	□1	Normal. Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude. Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.	□4	Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement. Can barely perform the task. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):

Cent	er: 31		ADC Subject ID:		Form Date://
For a	additional o	larific	o be completed by the clinician or other cation and examples, see UDS Coding G eck only <u>one</u> box per question.		
7ь.	Left hand	□ 1	Normal. Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude. Moderately impaired; definite and early	□4	Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement. Can barely perform the task. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
			fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.		
8.		-	movements of hands (pronation-supination tude as possible, both hands simultaneously		ements of hands, vertically and horizontally, with
8a.	Right hand		Normal. Mild slowing and/or reduction in	□3	Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating movements or arrests in ongoing movement.
			amplitude.	□4	Can barely perform the task.
		□ 2	Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.		Untestable (specify reason):
8b.	Left	$\Box 0$	Normal.	□ 3	Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating
	hand	$\Box 1$	Mild slowing and/or reduction in		movements or arrests in ongoing movement.
			amplitude.	$\Box 4$	Can barely perform the task.
			Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.		Untestable (specify reason):
9.	Leg agility inches)	(patie	nt taps heel on the ground in rapid successi	on, pi	cking up entire leg; amplitude should be at least 3
9a.	Right leg	$\Box 0$	Normal.	□ 3	Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating
		$\Box 1$	Mild slowing and/or reduction in	Ξ.	movements or arrests in ongoing movement.
			amplitude.		Can barely perform the task.
		□2	Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.		Untestable (specify reason):
9b.	Left leg	$\Box 0$	Normal.	□3	Severely impaired; frequent hesitation in initiating
		$\Box 1$	Mild slowing and/or reduction in amplitude.	□4	movements or arrests in ongoing movement. Can barely perform the task.
		□ 2	Moderately impaired; definite and early fatiguing; may have occasional arrests in movement.		Untestable (specify reason):

 Arising from chair (patient attempts to rise from a straight-backed chair, with arms folded across chest) 	□1	Normal. Slow; or may need more than one attempt. Pushes self up from arms of seat.	□ 4	Tends to fall back and may hav to try more than one time, but c get up without help. Unable to arise without help. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
11. Posture	□ 1	Normal. Not quite erect, slightly stooped posture; could be normal for older person. Moderately stooped posture, definitely abnormal; can be slightly leaning to one side.	□ 4	Severely stooped posture with kyphosis; can be moderately leaning to one side. Marked flexion with extreme abnormality of posture. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
12. Gait	□ 1	Normal. Walks slowly; may shuffle with short steps, but no festination (hastening steps) or propulsion. Walks with difficulty, but requires little or no assistance; may have some festination, short steps, or propulsion.	□ 4	Severe disturbance of gait requiring assistance. Cannot walk at all, even with assistance. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
 Posture stability (response to sudden, strong posterior displacement produced by pull on shoulders while patient erect with eyes open and feet slightly apart; patient is prepared) 	\Box 1	Normal erect. Retropulsion, but recovers unaided. Absence of postural response; would fall if not caught by examiner.	□ 4	Very unstable, tends to lose balance spontaneously. Unable to stand without assistance. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):
 Body bradykinesia and hypokinesia (combining slowness, hesitancy, decreased arm swing, small amplitude, and poverty of movement in general) 		None. Minimal slowness, giving movement a deliberate character; could be normal for some persons; possibly reduced amplitude. Mild degree of slowness and poverty of movement which is definitely abnormal. Alternatively, some reduced amplitude.	□ 4	Moderate slowness, poverty or small amplitude of movement. Marked slowness, poverty or small amplitude of movement. Untestable (<i>specify reason</i>):

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		Neurolo	gical Assessr	nent	
MENTAL S	TATUS (hig	gher integrative functions)		Comments:	
WNL	ABN NT				
1. £	- •	ALERTNESS (Note: Orient Present Absent	ation measured by MMSI	Ξ)	
		1a. £ DELIRIUM			
2. £	- •	SPEECH (including language a	assessment)		
3. £	- •	MOOD Present Absent 3a £ DEPRESSION			
4. £	- •	JUDGEMENT			
5. £	- •	INSIGHT			
CRANIAL	NERVES			Comments:	
6. OL	FACTORY	(CN I) (# correct 0-3)			
		NT = 4			
WNL	ABN NT		Describe Abnormal Findir	ngs:	
7. £	- •	CN II			
8. £	- •	CN III, IV, VI			
9. £	- •				
10. £	- •	CN VII			
11. £	-	CN VIII			
	_				
12. £	-	CN IX, X, XI, XII _			
13. £	•	Dysarthria _			_
WNL 14. £ Straight	ABN Right Left	• Tongue Protrusion_			
WNL	ABN	NT Limitation of Gaze			
15. £	 Mild Severe	Vertical			
16. £	 Mild Severe	Horizontal			
	-	e any of the following abnor	rmalities?		
Normal	Present/ NT Abnormal	Nystamus			
17. £	-	Nystagmus			
18. £	- •	Saccadic Smooth Pursuit	Smooth Durquit		
19. £	- • -	Difficulty participating in			
20. £	- •	Masked facies			
		Nourolo		nont	
		iveuroio	gical Assessr	nem	
1			Page	Name:	
Signature		Date	1 of 4	PID:	Visit:

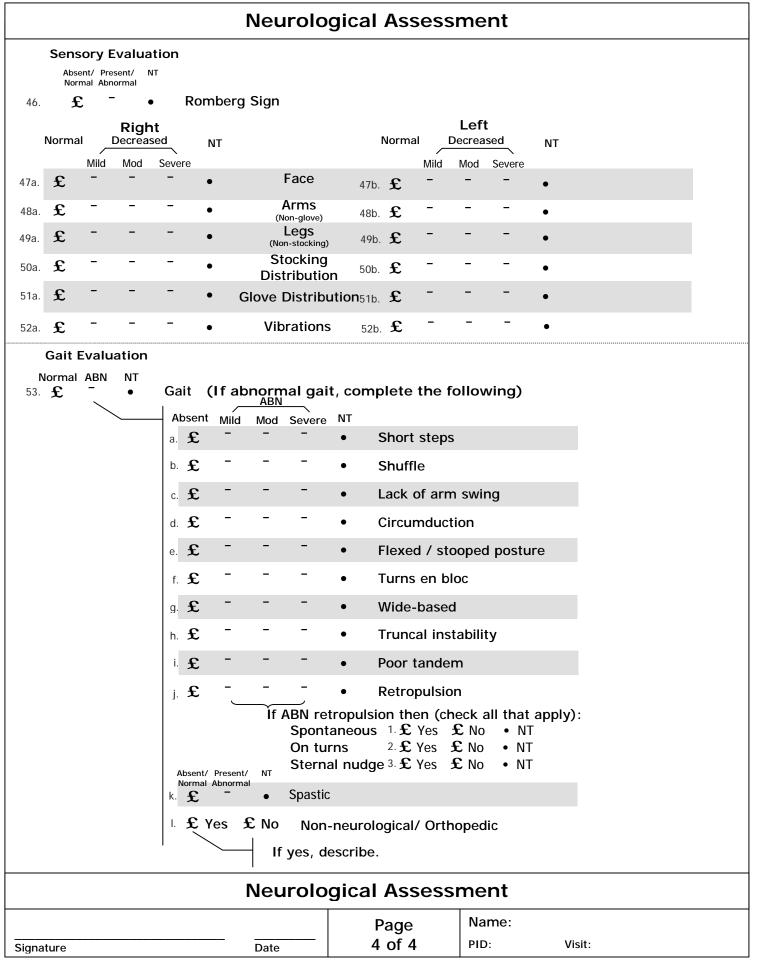
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			2-25											_				
							Neur	οΙο	gica	I As	ses	ssn	nen	t				
Мо	tor Sy																	
	Deep	Tend	don	Reflex Righ	t		NT								Left Norma			NT
	(D	1	2	3	4	5						0	1	2	3	4	5
21a	 Abs	ent F	– Iypo	£	– Hyper	– Clonus	•	E	Bicep	os	211	Э.	– Absent	— Нуро	£	- Hyper	_ Clonus	•
22a	Abs	ent H	- Iypo	£	_ Hyper	_ Clonus	•	Т	rice	ps	221	b.	– Absent	— Нуро	£	– Hyper	– Clonus	•
23a.	Abs	ent F	– Iypo	£	– Hyper	– Clonus	•	Su	ipina	tor	23	b.	– Absent	— Нуро	£	– Hyper	– Clonus	•
24a	Abs	ent H	– Iypo	£	- Hyper	_ Clonus	•	Р	atell	ar	24	b.	– Absent	— Нуро	£	– Hyper	– Clonus	•
25a.	Abs	ent F	– Iypo	£	– Hyper	– Clonus	•	A	chill	es	25	b.	– Absent	— Нуро	£	– Hyper	– Clonus	•
	Absent	_	ght ent/	Reflex						Left Present/	NT							
26a	£	-		•	Plar	ntar Ex (Babin:	tension ski)	26b.	£	-	•							
27a.	£	-		•	Pa	almom	ental	27b.	£	-	•							
28a	£	-		•		Gras	р	28b.	£	-	•							
29	Absent, Normal £			•	Snout													
							Neur	olo	aica	I As	ses	ssn	nen	t				

		Page	Name:	
Signature	Date	2 of 4	PID:	Visit:

Neurological Assessment

	Abno	rmal N	Nove	ments											
		Righ Present/ Abnormal	NT		r extremities where noted			Le t/ Prese	nt/ NT						
30a.	£	-	•	Prona	ator Drift	30b.	£	-	٠						
31a.	£	-	•	Abnorm	al Posturing	31b.	£	-	•						
32a.	£	-	•	Мус	oclonus	32b.	£	-	•						
					Hypertonia										
33a.	£	-	•	extr	emities	33b.	£	-	•						
34a.	£	-	•		ower remities	34b.	£	-	•						
35a.	£	-	•	Parar	nyotonia	35b.	£	-	•						
36a.	£	-	•	Cogv	vheeling	36b.	£	-	•						
37a.	£	-	•	Resting	g Tremors	37b.	£	-	•						
38a.	£	-	•	Action	Tremors	38b.	£	-	٠						
39a.	£	-	•	Postur	al Temors	39b.	£	-	٠						
40a.	£	-	٠	Brad	ykinesia	40b.	£	-	٠						
41.	£	-	•	Praxis										_	
42.	£	-	•	Glabellar	_									_	
	Absent/		NT												
43.	~	Abnormal —	•	Dystonia	_									_	
ι	JMN V	Weakr	ness												
14	/NL	Ri	ght	NT				WNL		Lef	t		NT		
_	5 4	3	2 1		Upper				4 3	2	1	0	6		
44a.		-		- •	extremiti	es	44b.			-	-	-	•		
45a. 🚽	£ -	-		- •	Lower extremit	es	45b.	£		-	-	-	•		
					Neurol	ogi	ica	A I	sses	sm	nen	t			
								Pag			Nam				
Signa	ature				Date			3 of			PID:		Visit:		





NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form B8: Evaluation – Physical/Neurological Exam Findings

Center:	31	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date: / /

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B8. Check only <u>one</u> box per question.

ADC Visit #:____

Examiner's initials:

PH	IYSICAL/NEUROLOGICAL EXAM FINDINGS	Yes	No	Unknown
1.	Are all findings unremarkable (normal or normal for age)?	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
2.	Are focal deficits present indicative of central nervous system disorder?	□ 1	□ 0	□9
3.	Is gait disorder present indicative of central nervous system disorder?	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
4.	Are there eye movement abnormalities present indicative of central nervous system disorder?	□1		□9

			MEDIC	AL ORDER	S			
Lab	oratory Te	ests		Di	agnostic	Tests		
Date Drawn:					•			
			MRI of the I	Brain w/ or w/o	Contrast	Chest X-Ray		
ANA	Sed Rate	Urinalysis			oonnast		Received	
			Date:			Date:		
	Received		Facility:			Facility:		
			-	f the Brain		EKG		
CBC with diff.	Т4	MHATP		Received			Received	
	Ordered	Ordered	Date:			Date:		
Received	Received	Received	Facility:			Facility:		
			SPECT Sc	an		Carotid Dop	pler	
Chem. Panel	TSH	Homocysteine		Received			Received	
Ordered	Ordered	Ordered	Date:			Date:		
Received	Received	Received	Facility:			Facility:		
			EEG / EMO	6		Other:		
Folate	B-12	Other:	Ordered	Received		Ordered	Received	
Ordered	Ordered	Ordered	Date:			Date:		
Received	Received	Received	Facility:			Facility:		
RPR								
Ordered								
Received								
Consultation								
Reason:								
Reason.								
Additiona	I Commo	ents:						
			MEDIC	AL ORDER	S			
		and Neurological Disor	ders	Page	Name:			
Revision 1.2 - 01/0	4/2010-2010©			1 of 1	PID:	Visit:		
					1			



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form C1: MMSE and Neuropsychological Battery

Cent	er:	ADC Subject ID:		Form Date:	
	scori	is form is to be completed by ADC or clinic ng, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial V he subject cannot complete any of the followi e following codes for test scores (except for th	/isit Packet, Form ng exams, please u	C1. Exan	ADC Visit #:
		95 = Physical problem 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem	97 = Other probler 98 = Verbal refusa	n	
1.	Min	i-Mental State Examination			
	1 a.	The administration of the MMSE was:	□ 1 In ADC/ elinie	2 In home	□ 3 In person–other
		1) Language of MMSE administration:	🗆 l English	🗆 2 Spanish	\Box 3 Other (<i>specify</i>):
	1b.	Orientation subscale score			
		1) Time:		(0–5) see Key	
		2) Place:		(0–5) see Key	
	1 c .	Intersecting pentagon subscale score:		(0–1) see Key	
	1 d .	Total MMSE score (using D L R O W)		(0–30) see Key	
2.		remainder of the battery (below) was inistered:	□ 1 In ADC/ clinic	\Box 2 In home	□ 3 In person–other
	2a.	Language of test administration:	🗌 l English	🗆 2 Spanish	\Box 3 Other (<i>specify</i>):
3.	Logi	cal Memory IA – Immediate			
	3a.	If this test has been administered to the s within the past 3 months, specify the data previously administered:		(88/8	8/8888 = N/A)
		1) Total score from the previous test add	ministration:	_	(0-25; 88 = N/A)
	3b.	Total number of story units recalled from administration:	this current test		(0–25) see Key
4.	Digi	t Span Forward			
	4a.	Total number of trials correct prior to two same digit length:	o consecutive erro	ors at the	(0–12) see Key
	4b.	Digit span forward length:		_	(0-8) see Key

Cent		ADC Subject ID: Form	n Dat	te://
		is form is to be completed by ADC or clinic staff. For test administrations, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form C1.	on	ADC Visit #:
5.	Digit	Span Backward		
	5a.	Total number of trials correct prior to two consecutive errors at the same digit length:		(0–12) see Key
	5b.	Digit span backward length:		(0-7) see Key
6.	Cate	gory Fluency		
	6a.	Animals – Total number of animals named in 60 seconds:		(0–77) see Key
	6b.	Vegetables – Total number of vegetables named in 60 seconds:		(0–77) see Key
KE	Y 2: 1	f necessary, use the following codes for the Trail Making Test only: 995 = Physical problem 997 = Other problem 996 = Cognitive/behavior problem 998 = Verbal refusa		
7.	Trai	Making Test		
	7 a .	Part A–Total number of seconds to complete (if not finished by 150 seconds, enter 150):		(0–150) see Key 2
		1) Number of commission errors		(0-40; 88 = N/A)
		2) Number of correct lines		(0-24; 88 = N/A)
	7b.	Part B–Total number of seconds to complete (if not finished by 300 seconds, enter 300):	_	(0-300) see Key 2
		1) Number of commission errors		(0-40; <i>88</i> = <i>N/A</i>)
		2) Number of correct lines		(0-24; 88 = N/A)
8.	WA	S-R Digit Symbol		
	8a.	Total number of items correctly completed in 90 seconds:		(0–93) see Key
9.	Logi	cal Memory IIA – Delayed		
	9a.	Total number of story units recalled:		(0–25) see Key
	9b.	Time elapsed since Logical Memory IA – Immediate:		(0-85 minutes) $(88 = N/A)$ $(99 = Unknown)$
10.	Bost	on Naming Test (30 Odd-numbered items)		
	10a.	Total score:		(0–30) see Key
Cheo	ck on	y <u>one</u> box below:		
11.	Over	all Appraisal		
	11a.	neuropsychological examination, the subject's 3 One or two test scores	; □ 0 □	Three or more scores are abnormal or lower than expected Clinician unable to render opinion
L				

Enter Score or Data Status Code (DSC) for each of the following tests (Please complete with Black Ink)

	Score		Range				
Global Measures		_					
MMSE		1	(0-30)				
Affective State		_					
Geriatric Depression Rating Scale		2	(0-15)	Not Don	ie (ND)		
CERAD Version: 1. STD 2. ALT1 3. ALT2 Enter num	per->	88	(1-3)	-2 = ND	- Physica	al Impa	irment
Recent Memory		_		-3 = ND	- Cognitiv	ve Impa	airment
CERAD Word List meta-cognitive estimate		3	(0-10)	-4 = ND	- Subject	t Fatigu	ıe
				-9 = ND	- Out of	Time	
CERAD Word List				-10 = NI	D - Altern	ate Te	st
Trial 1 recall, total		4	(0-10)	-11 = NI	D - Teste	r Error	
Trial 1 # intrusions		5	(0-10)		D - Lang.		al
Trial 2 recall, total		6	(0-10)		nplete (NC		
Trial 2 # intrusions		7	(0-10)	-6 = NC	- Too Slo	w	
Trial 3 recall, total		8	(0-10)	-7 = NC	- Refuse	d	
Trial 3 # intrusions		9	(0-10)	-8 = NC	- Cognitiv	/e Impa	airment
5-min delayed recall, total		10	(0-10)	Data	a Center	Use O	nly
5-min delayed recall, # intrusions		11	(0-10)				
5-min recognition # Yes		12	(0-10)		1	I	
5-min recognition # No		13	(0-10)				
30-min delayed recall, total		14	(0-10)				by:
30-min delayed recall, # intrusions		15	(0-10)		by: .	by:	
30 min. recognition # Yes		16	(0-10)			ł	
30 min. recognition # No		17	(0-10)				
			()				
WMS-III Logical Memory 1		10					ate:
Story A raw score		18	(0-25)				Completed Date:
Story A thematic score		19	(0-7)				etec
Story B 1 st raw score		20	(0-25)	<u>ح</u> ا	Date:	Jate	hdm
Story B 1 st thematic score		21	(0-8)	Entry	ت ح	try Date:	
Story B 2 nd raw score		22	(0-25)	ап	Entr	Ent	sks
Story B 2 nd thematic score		23	(0-8)	Data	1st Entr	2nd Enti	Checks
Patient Name:	Tester N	lame	:				
Exam Date:	Checked Date Sul						

11.09.2010

	WMS-III Logical Memory 2				
	Story A raw score		24	(0-25)	
	Story A thematic score		25	(0-8)	
	Story B raw score		26	(0-25)	
	Story B thematic score		27	(0-8)	
	WMS-III Faces				1
	WMS-III Faces 1 raw score		28	(0-48)	-
	WMS-III Faces 2 raw score		29	(0-48)	-
Re	mote Memory				-
	WAIS-R Information Version (1.STD 2.ALT1)		92	(1-2)	-
	WAIS-R Information Raw Score		30	(0-29)	-
At	tention & Concentration				-
	WAIS-III Digit Span Forward		31	(0-16)	-
	WAIS-III Digit Span Forward Length		80	(0-9)	1
	WAIS-III Digit Span Backward		32	(0-14)	-
	WAIS-III Digit Span Backward Length		81	(0-8)	-
	WAIS-R Digit Span Forward		82	(0-12)	-
	WAIS-R Digit Span Forward Length		83	(0-8)	
	WAIS-R Digit Span Backward		84	(0-12)	
	WAIS-R Digit Span BackwardLength		85	(0-7)	
	Symbol Digits Modality Test # Written		33	(0-110)	
	WAIS-R Digit Symbol		77	(0-93)	

- /	
3)	
	Not Done (ND)
8)	-2 = ND - Physical Impairment
8)	-3 = ND - Cognitive Impairment
	-4 = ND - Subject Fatigue
2)	-9 = ND - Out of Time
29)	-10 = ND - Alternate Test
	-11 = ND - Tester Error
6)	-12 = ND - Lang./Cultural
9)	Not Complete (NC)
4)	-6 = NC - Too Slow
3)	-7 = NC - Refused
2)	-8 = NC - Cognitive Impairment
3)	

Language

 		-	_
30-item BNT, Total # Correct		34	(0-30)
30-item BNT # Semantic cues		35	(0 00)
30-item BNT # Phonemic cues		36	(0-30)
30-item BNT # semantic paraphasias		38	(0-30)
30-item BNT # circumlocutions		37	(0-30)
30-item BNT # perseverations		89	(0-30)
30-item BNT # visual misidentification		90	(0-30)
CERAD Animal Naming # 0-15 sec		39	(0-30)
CERAD Animal Naming # 16-30 sec		40	(0-30)
CERAD Animal Naming # 31-45 sec		41	(0-30)
CERAD Animal Naming # 46-60 sec		42	(0-30)
CERAD Animal Naming # Intrusions		43	(0-30)
CERAD Animal Naming # Repetitions		44	(0-30)
CERAD Vegetable naming # 0-15 sec		71	(0-30)
CERAD Vegetable naming # 16-30 sec		72	(0-30)
CERAD Vegetable naming # 31-45 sec		73	(0-30)
CERAD Vegetable naming # 46-60 sec		74	(0-30)
CERAD Vegetable naming # Intrusions		75	(0-30)
CERAD Vegetable naming # Repetitions		76	(0-30)

Battery 1 Rev. 2010-11-09

Visit:

11.09.2010

Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders 1 Neuropsychological Test Sheet

	ſ				
Letter Fluency Version (1.FAS 2.BHR)			94	(1-2)	
Letter Fluency F or B, # Correct			45	(0-60)	Not Done (ND)
Letter Fluency F or B, # Repetitions			46	(0-30)	-2 = ND - Physical Impairment
Letter Fluency F or B, # Intrusions			47	(0-30)	-3 = ND - Cognitive Impairment
Letter Fluency A or H, # Correct			48	(0-60)	-4 = ND - Subject Fatigue
Letter Fluency A or H, # Repetitions			49	(0-30)	-9 = ND - Out of Time
Letter Fluency A or H,# Intrusions			50	(0-30)	-10 = ND - Alternate Test
Letter Fluency S or R, # Correct			51	(0-60)	-11 = ND - Tester Error
Letter Fluency S or R, # Repetitions			52	(0-30)	-12 = ND - Lang./Cultural
Letter Fluency S or R, # Intrusions			53	(0-30)	Not Complete (NC)
					-6 = NC - Too Slow
					-7 = NC - Refused
Visual-Spatial Abilities	r				-8 = NC - Cognitive Impairment
CERAD circle			55	(0-2)	
CERAD diamond			56	(0-3)	
CERAD rectangles			57	(0-2)	
CERAD cube			58	(0-4)	
Read time			59	(0-3)	
Settime			60	(0-3)	
WAIS-III Block Design Raw Score			61	(0-68)	
WAIS-III Block Design # completed			91	(0-14)	
Executive Functioning					
Trail Making Test, Part A seconds to complete			62	(10-150)
Trail Making Test, Part A # commission errors			63	(0-40)	
Trail Making Test, Part A # correct lines			86	(0-24)	
	· · · · · ·				
Trail Making Test, Part B seconds to complete			64	(10-300)
Trail Making Test, Part B # commission errors			65	(0-40)	
Trail Making Test, Part B # correct lines			87	(0-24)	
Trail Making Test, Part C seconds to complete			78	(5-60)	
Trail Making Test, Part C # commission errors			79	(0-15)	
			00		
Social Judgement			66	(0-6)	
Insight: Memory			67	(0-2)	
Insight: Non-Memory			93	(0-2)	
WAIS-III Similarities Raw Score			68	(0-33)	
Psychomotor Speed	ſ]	60	(10.400	N N
Kendrick Digit Copy: Seconds to complete			69 70	(10-120)
Kendrick Digit Copy # completed in 2 minutes	l		70	(0-100)	

Battery 1 Rev. 2010-11-09

3 of 3 Name: Neuropsychological Test Sheet PID:

Visit:



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet Form B9: Clinician Judgment of Symptoms

Center: ADC Subject ID:		Form Da	ite://	<u>14 - 040 - 01 - 1</u> 1	
and	exa	This form is to be completed by the clinician. For additional clarification imples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B9. Sonly <u>one</u> box per question.			
M	EMC	DRY COMPLAINT/AGE OF ONSET:	Yes	No	1
Re	lativ	e to previously attained abilities:			
	I.	Does the subject report a decline in memory?	\Box 1		0
	2.	Does the informant report a decline in subject's memory?	\Box 1		0
	3a. Does the clinician believe there has been a current meaningful decline in the subject's memory, non-memory cognitive abilities, behavior, or ability to manage his/her affairs, or have there been motor/movement changes?		□ 1	[] (<u>If no, end f</u> e	
	31	b. At what age did the cognitive decline begin (based upon the clinician's assessment)?		_ (999 = Unknow (888 = N/A)	n)
CO	GN	ITIVE SYMPTOMS:	Yes	No	Unknown
4.	pre	licate whether the subject currently is impaired meaningfully, relative to eviously attained abilities, in the following cognitive domains or has ctuating cognition:			
	a.	Memory (For example, does s/he forget conversations and/or dates; repeat questions and/or statements; misplace more than usual; forget names of people s/he knows well?)	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
	b.	Judgment and problem-solving (For example, does s/he have trouble handling money (tips); paying bills; shopping; preparing meals; handling appliances; handling medications; driving?)	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
	c.	Language (For example, does s/he have hesitant speech; have trouble finding words; use inappropriate words without self-correction?)	□ 1		□9
	d.	Visuospatial function (Difficulty interpreting visual stimuli and finding his/her way around.)	□ 1		0
	e.	Attention/concentration (For example, does the subject have a short attention span or ability to concentrate? Is s/he easily distracted?)	□1		□ 9
	f.	Fluctuating cognition (Does s/he have pronounced variation in attention and alertness, noticeably over hours or days? For example, long periods of staring into space or lapses, or times when his/her ideas have a disorganized flow.)	□ 1	□ 0	0
	g.	Other (If yes, then specify):	□ 1		□ 9
				(continued of	n next page)

(continued on next page)

7

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For additional clarification and ADC Visit #:_____ examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B9. Check only <u>one</u> box per question.

	· · ·					
5.	Indicate the <u>predominant</u> symptom which was first	$\square 1$ $\square 2$	Memory Judgment and problem solving	□6	Other (specify):	:
	recognized as a decline in the	$\square 3$	Language		Fluctuating cog	nition
	subject's cognition:	$\Box 4$	Visuospatial function			·
			Attention/concentration		Unknown	
6.	Mode of onset of cognitive	\Box 1	Gradual (> 6 months)		Other (specify):	
	symptoms:	$\Box 2$	Subacute ($\leq 6 months$)			
		□ 3	Abrupt (within days)		N/A	
				□ 99	Unknown	
BE	HAVIOR SYMPTOMS:			Yes	No	Unknown
7.	Indicate whether the subject current symptoms:	ily mar	ifests the following behavioral			
	a. Apathy/withdrawal (Has the sureduced ability to initiate usual a conversing with family and/or fr	ectivitie	es and social interaction, such as	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
	b. Depression (Has the subject see at a time; e.g., loss of interest or hopelessness, loss of appetite, fa	pleasu	re in nearly all activities; sadness,	□ 1	□ 0	9
	c. Psychosis					
	1) Visual hallucinations					□ 9
	a) If yes, are the hallucinati	ions we	ell-formed and detailed?			□ 9
	2) Auditory hallucinations				□ 0	□ 9
	3) Abnormal/false/delusional be	eliefs			$\Box 0$	□ 9
		behavio	appropriate coarse language or ors in public or in the home? Does e disregard for personal hygiene?)	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
	e. Irritability (Does the subject ov members or others?)	erreac	t, such as shouting at family	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
	f. Agitation (Does the subject hav and/or kick?)	e troub	ele sitting still; does s/he shout, hit,	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
	g. Personality change (Does the sub- behavior uncharacteristic of the suspiciousness [without delusion Does the subject fail to take other	subject ns], uni	t, such as unusual collecting, usual dress, or dietary changes?	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
	h. REM sleep behavior disorder (dreams while sleeping (e.g., pun		the subject appear to act out his/her lail their arms, shout or scream?)		□ 0	□ 9
	i. Other (If yes, then specify):			□ I	□ 0	□ 9

(continued on next page)

PID:

Center:	31
Center:	

	E: This form is to be completed by the omples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for In				ADC Visit box per questio	
8.	Indicate the <u>predominant</u> symptom which was first recognized as a decline in the subject's behavioral symptoms:	$ \Box 1 $ $ \Box 2 $ $ \Box 3 $	Apathy/withdrawal Depression Psychosis		Personality chan Other (<i>specify</i>):	
			Disinhibition Irritability	19	REM sleep behav disorder	lor
		$\Box 6$	Agitation	88		
		_		□ 99	Unknown	
9.	Mode of onset of behavioral symptoms:	$\Box 1$ $\Box 2$	Gradual (> 6 months) Subacute (≤ 6 months)	□ 4	Other (specify):	
		\Box 3	Abrupt (within days)		N/A	
				□ 99	Unknown	
	DTOR SYMPTOMS:	the fai	((Yes	No	Unknown
10.	 Indicate whether the subject currently has a. Gait disorder (Has the subject's walki arthritis or an injury? Is s/he unsteady, have little or no arm-swing, or drag a f 	ing cha or doe	anged, not specifically due to	□ 1	□ 0	□ 9
	b. Falls (Does the subject fall more than	\Box 1	□ 0	□ 9		
	 c. Tremor (Has the subject had rhythmic arms, legs, head, mouth, or tongue?) 	□ 1		□ 9		
	 d. Slowness (Has the subject noticeably s or handwriting, other than due to an inject expression changed, or become more " unexpressive?) 	jury or	illness? Has his/her facial	□ 1	□ 0	0
11.	Indicate the predominant symptom	\Box 1	Gait disorder	4	Slowness	
	which was first recognized as a decline in the subject's motor symptoms:		Falls			
			Tremor		Unknown	
12.	. Mode of onset of motor symptoms:	\Box 1 \Box 2	Gradual (> 6 months) Subacute (≤ 6 months)	□ 4	Other (specify):	
		$\square 3$	Abrupt (within days)		N/A	
			• • • • •	□ 99	Unknown	
	a. If there were changes in motor function parkinsonism?	n, were	these suggestive of		Yes	
	parkinsonsin:			□ 0 □ 88	No N/A	
0	ERALL SUMMARY OF SYMPTOMS ONS	area.			n(A	
	. Course of overall cognitive/behavioral/	□ 1	Gradually progressive	□ 4	Fluctuating	
	motor syndrome:	$\square 2$	Stepwise		Improved	
		□ 3	Static	□ 9	Unknown	
14.	Indicate the predominant domain which	1	Cognition	□3	Motor function	
	was first recognized as changed in the subject:	□ 2	Behavior	□9	Unknown	

PID: UDS Initial Form B9: Clinician Judgment of Symptoms (version 2.0, February 2008) Visit:



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

Form B4: Global Staging - Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR): Standard and Supplemental

Center: 31

ADC Subject ID:

Form Date:

ADC Visit #:

SECTION 1: STANDARD CDR¹

				IMPAIRMENT			
	Please enter scores below	None 0	Questionable 0.5	Mild 1	Moderate 2	Severe 3	
	1. MEMORY	No memory loss, or slight inconsistent forgetfulness.	Consistent slight forgetfulness; partial recollection of events; "benign" forgetfulness.	Moderate memory loss, more marked for recent events; defect interferes with everyday activities.	Severe memory loss; only highly learned material retained; new material rapidly lost.	Severe memory loss; only fragments remain.	
	2. ORIENTATION	Fully oriented.	Fully oriented except for slight difficulty with time relationships.	Moderate difficulty with time relationships; oriented for place at examination; may have geographic disorientation elsewhere.	Severe difficulty with time relationships; usually disoriented to time, often to place.	Oriented to person only.	
	3. JUDGMENT & Solves everyday problems, PROBLEM SOLVING Solves everyday problems, handles business & financial affairs well; judgment good in relation to past performance.		Slight impairment in solving problems, similarities, and differences.	Moderate difficulty in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually maintained.	Severely impaired in handling problems, similarities, and differences; social judgment usually impaired.	Unable to make judgments or solve problems.	
- F	4. COMMUNITY AFFAIRS	Independent function at usual level in job, shopping, volunteer and social groups.	Slight impairment in these activities.	Unable to function independently at these activities, although may still be engaged in some; appears normal to casual inspection.	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears well enough to be taken to functions outside the family home.	No pretense of independent function outside the home; appears too ill to be taken to functions outside the family home.	
PID: Visit:	5. HOME & HOBBIES	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests well maintained.	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests slightly impaired.	Mild but definite impairment of function at home; more difficult chores abandoned; more complicated hobbies and interests abandoned.	Only simple chores preserved; very restricted interests, poorly maintained.	No significant function in the home.	
	6. PERSONAL CARE .0	Fully capable of self-care (= 0).		Needs prompting.	Requires assistance in dressing, hygiene, keeping of personal effects.	Requires much help with personal care; frequent incontinence.	
	7	STANDARD CDR SUM OF	BOXES				
	8	STANDARD GLOBAL CDR					

¹ Morris JC. The Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR): Current version and scoring rules. *Neurology* 43(11):2412-4, 1993. Copyright© Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins. Reproduced by permission. (version 2.0, February 2008) Page 1 of 2

Center: 31

ADC Visit #:

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional, based on informant report and neurological exam of the subject. In the extremely rare instances when no informant is available, the clinician or other trained health professional must complete this form utilizing all other available information and his/her best clinical judgment. Score only as decline from previous level due to cognitive loss, not impairment due to other factors. For further information, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form B4.

SECTION 2: SUPPLEMENTAL CDR

	IMPAIRMENT								
Please enter scores below	None U	Questionable 0.5	Mild 1	Moderate 2	Severe 3				
9. BEHAVIOR, COMPORTMENT AND PERSONALITY ²	Socially appropriate behavior.	Questionable changes in comportment, empathy, appropriateness of actions.	Mild but definite changes in behavior.	Moderate behavioral changes, affecting interpersonal relationships and interactions in a significant manner.	Severe behavioral changes, making interpersonal interactions all unidirectional.				
10. LANGUAGE ³	No language difficulty or occasional mild tip-of-the- tongue.	Consistent mild word linding difficulties; simplification of word choice; circumlocution; decreased phrase length; and/or mild comprehension difficulties.	Mederate word finding difficulty in speech: cannot name objects in environment; reduced phrase length and/or agrammatical speech; and/or reduced comprehension in conversation and reading.	Moderate to severe impairments in either speech or comprehension; has difficulty communicating thoughts; writing may be slightly more effective.	Severe comprehension deficits; no intelligible speech.				

² Excerpted from the Frontotemporal Dementia Multicenter Instrument & MR Study (Mayo Clinic, UCSF, UCLA, UW).

³ Excerpted from the PPA-CRD: A modification of the CDR for assessing dementia severity in patients with Primary Progressive Aphasia (Johnson N, Weintraub S, Mesulam MM), 2002.



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form D1: Clinician Diagnosis - Cognitive Status and Dementia

Cent	er: <u>31</u> ADC Subject ID:	Form Date://						
crite	DTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For diagnostic Iteria, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form D1. Ieck only <u>one</u> box per response category.							
1.	Responses are based on: 🗌 1 Diag	gnosis fron	n single cl	inician 🗆 2 Co	onsensus diag	nosis		
2.	2. Does the subject have normal cognition (no MCI, dementia, or other neurological condition resulting in cognitive impairment)?			\Box 1 Yes \Box 0 No(If yes, skip to #14)(If no, continue to #3)				
3.	3. Does the subject meet criteria for dementia (in accordance with standard criteria for dementia of the Alzheimer's type or for other non-Alzheimer's dementing disorders)? □ 1 Yes □ 0 No (<i>lf no, continue to #4</i>)							
 If the subject does not have normal cognition and is not clinically demented, indicate the type of cognitive impairment (<i>choose only <u>one</u> impairment from items 4a thru 4e as being "present"; mark <u>all others</u> "absent") and then designate the suspected underlying cause(s) of the impairment by completing items 5–30:</i> 								
		Present	Absent	Domains	Yes	No		
	4a. Amnestic MCI – memory impairment only		□ 0					
	4b. Amnestic MCI - memory		□ 0	1) Language	\Box 1	$\Box 0$		
	impairment plus one or more other domains (<i>if present, check one or</i>			2) Attention	\Box 1	$\Box 0$		
	more domain boxes "yes" and			3) Executive funct	tion 🗆 1	$\Box 0$		
	check all other domain boxes "no")			4) Visuospatial	\Box 1	$\Box 0$		
	4c. Non-amnestic MCI – single domain	□ 1	□ 0	1) Language	□ 1	$\Box 0$		
	(if present, check only <u>one</u> domain box "yes"; check all other domain			2) Attention	□ 1	$\Box 0$		
	boxes "no")			3) Executive funct	tion \Box 1	$\Box 0$		
				4) Visuospatial	\Box 1	$\Box 0$		
	4d. Non-amnestic MCI - multiple	🗆 l	0	1) Language	\Box 1	$\Box 0$		
	domains (<i>if present, check <u>two</u> or</i> more domain boxes "yes" and			2) Attention	\Box 1	$\Box 0$		
	check all other domain boxes "no")			3) Executive funct	tion $\Box 1$	$\Box 0$		
				4) Visuospatial	□ 1	0 []		
	4e. Impaired, not MCI	□ 1	□ 0					

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For diagnostic criteria, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form D1. Check only one box per response category.

Please indicate if the following conditions are present or absent. If present, also indicate if the condition is primary or contributing to the observed cognitive impairment (reported in items 3 or 4), based on the clinician's best judgment. Mark only one condition as primary.

		Present	Absent		Primary	Contributing
5.	Probable AD (NINCDS/ADRDA) (if present, skip to item #7)	□ 1	□ 0	5a.	□ 1	□ 2
6.	Possible AD (NINCDS/ADRDA) (if #5 is present, leave this blank)	□ 1	0 🗆	6a.	□ 1	□ 2
7.	Dementia with Lewy bodies	□ 1	□ 0	7a.	□ 1	$\Box 2$
8.	Vascular dementia (NINDS/AIREN Probable) (if present, skip to item #10)	□ 1	□ 0	8a.	□ 1	□ 2
9.	Vascular dementia (NINDS/AIREN Possible) (if #8 is present, leave this blank)	□ 1	0 🗆	9a.	□ 1	
10.	Alcohol-related dementia	$\Box 1$	□0	10a.	$\Box 1$	□ 2
11.	Dementia of undetermined etiology	□ 1		11a.	□ 1	□ 2
12.	Frontotemporal dementia (behavioral/executive dementia)	□ 1	0	12a.	□ 1	□ 2
13.	Primary progressive aphasia (aphasic dementia)	□ 1		13a.	□ 1	□ 2
	(<i>If PPA is present, specify type by checking <u>one</u> box bell and <u>all others</u> "absent"):</i>	low "present	, "			
	1) Progressive nonfluent aphasia	🗆 l	□ 0			
	 Semantic dementia – anomia plus word comprehension 	□ 1	0			
	3) Semantic dementia - agnostic variant	□ 1				
	 Other (e.g., logopenic, anomic, transcortical, word deafness, syntactic comprehension, motor speech disorder) 	□ 1	0			

PID:

Visit:

If Present:

ADC Visit #:____

x 4 x

NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician. For diagnostic criteria, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form D1. Check only one box per response category.

For subjects with normal cognition, indicate whether the following conditions are present or absent. If the subject is cognitively impaired, indicate also whether the condition is primary, contributing or non-contributing to the observed cognitive impairment, based on your best judgment. Mark only one condition as primary.

		Present	Absent		Primary	Contributing	Non-contrib.
14.	Progressive supranuclear palsy			14a.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 3
15.	Corticobasal degeneration	□ 1		15a.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 3
16.	Huntington's disease	□ 1	□ 0	16a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
17.	Prion disease	□ 1		17a.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 3
18.	Cognitive dysfunction from medications		0	18a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
19.	Cognitive dysfunction from medical illnesses	□ 1	□ 0	19a.		□ 2	□ 3
20.	Depression	□ 1		20a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
21.	Other major psychiatric illness			21a.			□ 3
22.	Down's syndrome			22a.		$\Box 2$	□ 3
23.	Parkinson's disease			23a.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 3
24.	Stroke			24a.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 3
25.	Hydrocephalus	□ 1	□ 0	25a.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 3
26.	Traumatic brain injury	□ 1	□ 0	26a.	□ 1		□ 3
27.	CNS neoplasm		0 🗆	27a.	$\Box 1$	□ 2	□ 3
28.	Other (specify):		0	28a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
29.	Other (specify):	□ 1	0	29a.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
30.	Other (<i>specify</i>):		□ 0	30a.			□ 3

UDS Initial Form D1: Clinician Diagnosis (version 2.0, February 2008)

Neuropsychologist Signature

Date

\mathbf{c} aia (Stata) - ---- - -

Consensus Diagnosis (State)											
Syndrome											
	1. o Diagnosis Deferred (Complete causal factors)										
2. O No Cognitive Impairment (Finished)											
3. O Questionable Cognitive Impairment – Includes AAMI, and ARCD (Finished)											
	 4. O Delirium – Impaired attention and disorganized thinking conforming to DMS-IV criteria (Complete causal factors, diagnosis, and family history) 										
to e (Complete causal fa If Dementia selected Initial Symptom Ons 6. O Other cognitive	 5. O Dementia – Cognitive impairment which conforms to DSM-IV criteria modified to exclude etiology as a criterion (Complete causal factors, diagnosis, and family history) If Dementia selected, then: Initial Symptom Onset Date:/ Dementia DX Date:// 6. O Other cognitive impairment not meeting criteria for dementia (Complete causal factors, family history, and the following items) 										
Complete if "Other c	ognitive impairme No Impairment (<1 SD)	nt not meeting cı Mild (≥1 SD, <1.5 SD)	iteria for dement Moderate (≥1.5 SD, <2.0 SD)	Severe	Not Assessed						
12a. Memory	1	2	3	4	8						
12b. Executive	1	2	3	4	8						
12c. Language	1	2	3	4	8						
12d. Visuospatial	1	2	3	4	8						
		_	Consensu	s Diagnosi	S						
Neurologist Signature Date		_ Page	Page Name:								

PID:

1 of 3

Visit:

Consensus Diagnosis (State)

					U		•	•	
Cau	sal Fac	tors							
	Very Likely	Somewhat Likely	No	Causal Factor		Very Likely	Somewhat Likely	No	Causal Factor
13a	Ο	Ο	Ο	Alzheimer's disease	13k	Ο	Ο	Ο	Drug misuse or abuse
13b	Ο	ο	0	Cerebrovascular disease	13	Ο	ο	Ο	Medication (prescribed: toxic effect or metabolic derangement)
13c	Ο	Ο	Ο	Parkinson's disease	13m	Ο	Ο	Ο	Metabolic disorder
13d	Ο	Ο	Ο	Lewy Body disease	13n	Ο	Ο	Ο	Toxin
13e	Ο	ο	0	Pick's disease or other frontal temporal syndrome	130	Ο	ο	Ο	Head trauma
13f	Ο	ο	0	NPH	13p	ο	Ο	ο	CNS infections (including HIV)
13g	Ο	Ο	ο	Progressive supranuclear palsy	13q	ο	Ο	ο	Non-CNS infections
13h	Ο	ο	0	Depressive mood disorder	13e	ο	Ο	0	Space-occupying lesion
13i	ο	ο	0	Current alcohol use	13s	ο	Ο	ο	Other (e.g., neurosurgery, hypoxia, anoxia)
13j	ο	Ο	ο	Past alcohol use					

Diagnosis

For patients *with a dementia*, indicate the primary diagnosis(es). Make every effort to identify a single diagnosis. Choose a diagnosis that is related to the causal factor with the highest likelihood. Choose mixed diagnoses if two or more causal factors are equally likely.

- 14a O Possible AD (NINCDS criteria)
- 14b O Probable AD (NINCDS criteria)
- 14c **O** Possible ischemic vascular dementia (ADDTC Criteria)
- 14d **O** Probable ischemic vascular dementia (ADDTC Criteria)
- 14e O Cerebrovascular disease not meeting ADDTC criteria for vascular dementia
- 14f **O** Parkinson's Disease
- 14g **O** Possible dementia with Lewy bodies (DLB consortium criteria)
- 14h **O** Probable dementia with Lewy bodies (DLB consortium criteria)
- 14i O Frontal temporal lobe degeneration (FTD consensus criteria)
- 14j O Normal pressure hydrocephalus
- 14k **O** Progressive supranuclear palsy
- 141 **O** Depressive mood disorder (DSM-IV criteria)
- 14m O Alcohol abuse or dependence (DSM-IV criteria)
- 14n O Drug abuse or dependence (DSM-IV criteria)
- 140 **O** Medication (Toxic effect or metabolic derangement)
- 14p **O** Metabolic disorder
- 14q O Toxin
- 14r O Head trauma
- 14s O CNS Infection
- 14t O Space-occupying lesion
- 14v O Diagnosis undetermined
- 14w **O** Other: _____

Consensus Diagnosis								
		Page	Name:					
Completed By (Initials)	Date	2 of 3	PID:	Visit:				

Consensus Diagnosis (State)

15. Family History of cognitive disorder or dementia

Is the patient's family history of a cognitive disorder or dementia consistent with:

- 1. o Autosomal dominant inheritance
- 2. o Autosomal recessive inheritance
- 3. o Other inheritance pattern
- 4. o No family history
- 5. o Not determined

Autosomal dominant disorder would be coded as "1" if one parent had the disease and some of the offspring (statistically about half) had the disease. It would be further supported by a multigenerational history of a similar disorder, if a multigenerational history is obtained.

Autosomal recessive would be coded as "2" if the parents are free of disease but one or more offspring develop the disease, there may or may not be a family history. This would further be supported if the parents are related. Other information about the disease like how it is usually inherited can play into the equation.

Other inheritance pattern would be coded as "3" if there is a pattern of inheritance but it does not fit with autosomal dominant or autosomal recessive disorder (e.g., maternal inheritance, or a family history of a similar disease but with insufficient information to determine inheritance).

No family history of inheritance would be coded as "4" if the family history is not suggestive of a pattern of inheritance.

Code "5" for not determined.

NACC NP Data Form Version 9.1 17A

Choose one of the following categories that most accurately describes the family information available. If there is more than one relevant disorder in the family history, enter the most descriptive in the space provided and omit the other(s).

16A. Family history information relevant to neuropathologic diagnosis. Choose one of the following categories that most accurately describes the family information available: (*mark one box*)

- 1. o Family history of similar neurodegenerative disorder
- 2. o Family history of other (dissimilar) neurodegenerative disorder
- 3. o No family history of similar or dissimilar neurodegenerative disorder
- 4. o Family history of both similar and dissimilar neurodegenerative disorder
- 9. o Family history unknown/not available/missing

16B. If 16A is 2 or 4, specify disorder:

Consensus Diagnosis								
		Page	Name:					
Completed By (Initials)	Date	Page 3 of 3	PID:	Visit:				

Clinician Diagnosis (Supplement)								
Autopsy Information (always complete) If Patient were to come to autopsy at UCI, what brain hemisphere should the Neuropathologist examine? (If Both are significant then conference with Neuropathologist to determine hemisphere for autopsy)								
1) 1. o Left								
2. o Right Base	ed on:							
3. o Either								
Subject Onset / Diagnosis Date	es							
2) If not normal: Onset Date (mo/year):/ /								
3) If diagnosed with dementia: Dementia DX Date (mo/year):/	./							
	UDS Neuropsychological Battery Overall Appraisal Based on the UDS neuropsychological examination, the subject's cognitive status is deemed:							
4) 1. O Better than normal for	rage							
2. O Normal for age 3. O One or two test scores	s abnormal							
4. O Three or more scores		lower than	expected					
0. O Clinician unable to ren	ider opinion							
(transfer to UDS form C1 Question 11)								
Subject Cohort Transition due Based on this examination, the subject		-						
5) o YES o NO 5) CADC ONLY								
	ange Cohort?							
 5b) 5b) 1. O Control Cohort to Patient Cohort 2. O Patient Cohort to Home Visit Cohort 3. O Home Visit Cohort to Telephone / Mailer Only Cohort 4. O Patient Cohort to Control Cohort 								
Additional / Unusual Findings (use back of this page for additional space):								
Clinician Diagnosis (Supplement)								
	Page	Name:						
Completed By (Initials) Date	1 of 1	PID:	Visit:					

I Recomme				
ritecomme				
sician				
·				
Start	Continue			
B-12 management Start Continue Coumadin Management				
0 IU/day)	Start			
IU/day)	Continue			
Start	Continue			
5 mg 10 mg	Stop			
TUTING				
1.5 mg/	/bid Stop			
3 mg/bi				
4.5 mg/				
6 mg/bi				
4 mg/bi				
8 mg/bi				
12 mg/l				
5 mg	Stop			
10 mg				
15 mg				
20 mg				
nendations	5			
g				
Options				
•	tiative-GO Study			
nent Study for	5			
AD (GAP St				
tudy for AD				
ons				
Cohort conve	ersion			
	Visit:			

Inclusion / Exclusion Criteria

	Inclusion Criteria
Diagno	
	Normal Cognition
2.	Previous ADRC Control
8.	MCI (all types)
ŀ.	Atypical Dementia
*	Very Early AD (MMSE ≥ 20)
Race a	nd Language
Ĵ.	Caucasian
· .	English or Spanish Speaking Hispanic/Latino
).	English Speaking other ethnic background
9.	Minority that does not speak English
Autop	sy Consent
10.	Willing to consent to autopsy
11.	Not willing to consent to autopsy
12.	Undecided to consent to autopsy
Compl	iance
13.	Lives locally or travels only short distance
14.	Expresses a strong interest & compliant with clinic procedures
[nforn	
5.	Lives with the participant
6.	Relative or friend with frequent contact and lives locally
Other	Research
17.	Interested in participating in collaborative research
8.	Currently participates in additional research at UCI
19.	Interested in clinical trials at UCI
	Reason for Exclusion Clinician reason for indicating subject is NOT Eligible for enrollment in the ADRC
20.	Subject outside of research interest
21.	Impaired scores on DSRS, FAQ, or Neuropsych battery in a control
22.	Moderate - Severe AD (MMSE <19)
23.	Informant is a neighbor
24.	Informant has very little contact or only long-distance contact
25.	Non-English speaking minority without a bi-lingual liaison to assist with the assessment
26.	Caucasian not willing to enroll in tissue donation
	Patient lives out of state/requires long-distance travel
27. 28.	Non-compliant (frequent cancellations, not willing to sign consents) or high liability

Inclusion / Exclusion Criteria

Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders Core UDS Revision 1.0 – 2006-08-25 2006©	Page	Name:
	1 of 1	PID: Visit:

DRIVER SAFETY									
University of California, Irvine Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders DRIVER SAFETY REPORTING FORM									
Date of neurological exam:									
£ Reported (DMV Morbidity Report cor									
\pounds Not reported	npietedy								
Justification / comments:									
Neurologist's Signature	D	ate							
DRIVER SAFETY									
Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders Revision 1.0 – 9/04/02 2002©	Page 1 of 1	Name: PID: Visit:							

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE

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Alzheimer's Disease Diagnostic and Research Center SANTA BARBARA • SANTA CRUZ 1100 Medical Plaza Irvine, CA 92697-4285 Phone: (949) 824-ADTC (2382) Fax: (949) 824-3049 FAX

http://www.mind.uci.edu

DATE:_____

RE:_____

To Whom It May Concern,

A *family conference* has been scheduled for Date:______ Time:_____ at the Gottschalk Medical Plaza located in Irvine. Please check in at thee Alzheimer's Assessment Center. This consultation is available to you and your family and allows you a chance to meet "one-on-one" with the doctors to discuss the diagnosis and recommendations reached through the recent assessment that was completed on:

______ and _____. The patient must be present at this appointment. If he/she is not able to attend, you will receive the results by mail. If this is not a convenient time for you, please let me know.

Please call me at (949) 824-2382 if you have any questions. It is our goal that you and your family will have a better understanding of the evaluation.

Thank you,

Switaya (Ken) Krisnasmit Patient Care Coordinator UCI Alzheimer's Disease Research and Treatment Center

Authorization to Release Patient Information

I request that the letter describing the results of my evaluation be sent to the individuals listed below. In addition to the diagnosis and treatment plan, I understand that this letter will contain information concerning my physical and neurological examinations, the neuropsychological assessment, and laboratory tests. This letter may also contain information pertaining to mental health issues, current medications, drug and alcohol treatment, as well as my personal and family medical history.

PATIENT NAME:		CID #:	
Name:		Relationship:	
Street:			
City:			
Name:		Relationship:	
Street:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
Name:			
Street:			
City:	State: _	Zip:	
Name:		Relationship:	
Street:			
City:			
Name:		Relationship:	
Street:			
		Zip:	
Patient Signature		Date	
Signature of Legally Authorized Representative		Date	

Institute for Memory Impairments and Neurological Disorders Authorization for Use and Disclosure of Information on Services Rendered

EXPLANATION

This authorization for use or disclosure of information is being requested of you to comply with the terms of the Confidentiality of Medical Information Act of 1981, Civil Code section 56 et seq.

AUTHORIZATION

I,			: hereby authorize the following
/	Name of Patient/Legally Authorize	ed Representative	
	Name of Social Worker, Case Manager	r, or Health Care Provider	
	Alzheimer's Association of Orange	County	
	Title of the Organization	-	
	2540 North Santiago Boulevard, O	range, CA. 92867	
	Address, City, State, Zip Code	-	
	(714) 283-1111	(714) 283-1240	
	Phone Number	Fax Number	
to furnis	h the Institute for Memory Impairm	ents and Neurological Di	isorders at the University of California, Irvine
with info	ormation about services rendered to		

Name of Patient

This authorization is limited to information about after-care services rendered to the above-named patient following the diagnostic conference at the Institute.

USES

The requestor may use the authorized information for the following purposes: (1) to coordinate the above-named patient's care, (2) address any difficulties encountered in implementing the recommended treatment plan, and (3) evaluate the success of the treatment recommendations.

DURATION

This authorization shall become effective immediately and shall remain in effect until:

RESTRICTIONS

I understand that the requester may not further use or disclose this information unless another authorization is obtained from me or unless such disclosure is specifically required or permitted by law.

ADDITIONAL COPY

I further understand that I have a right to receive a copy of this authorization upon my request. Copy requested and received: "Yes "No Initial:

SIGNATURE

Signature:

(Please circle: Patient/Legal Representative) (Date)

Date

If signed by other than the participant, indicate relationship: _____

Witness:



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) - Initial Visit Packet

Form Z1: Form Checklist

Center: 31	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date://
NOTE: This form is to	be completed by clinic staff.	ADC Visit #:
		Examiner's initials:

NACC expects and intends that all UDS forms will be attempted on all subjects, but we realize this may be impossible when the patient is terminally ill, or when there is no informant, or for other reasons. NACC <u>requires</u> that Forms Z1, A1, A5, B4, B9, C1, D1, and E1 be submitted for a subject to be included in the UDS database, even though these forms may include some missing data.

For forms <u>not</u> designated as required, if it is not feasible to collect all or almost all of the data elements for a subject and the ADC therefore decides not to attempt collection of those data, an explanation must be provided. Please indicate this decision below by including the appropriate explanatory code and any additional comments.

KEY: If the specified form was not completed, please enter one of the following codes: 95 = Physical problem

96 = Cognitive/behavior problem

97 = Other problem 98 = Verbal refusal

Form	Description	Subn Yes	aitted: No	If not submitted, specify reason (see Key)	Comments (provide if needed)
A1	Subject Demographics	REQU		n/a	n/a
				in a	
A2	Informant Demographics				
A3	Subject Family History	$\Box 1$	□ 0		
A4	Subject Medications	\Box 1			
Λ5	Subject Health History	REQU	IRED	n/a	n/a
Bl	Evaluation Form – Physical	□ 1	□ 0		
B2	Evaluation Form – HIS and CVD	□1	□ 0		
В3	Evaluation Form – UPDRS	□ 1	□ 0		
B4	Global Staging – CDR: Standard and Supplemental	REQU	IRED	n/a	n/a
B5 or B5S	Behavioral Assessment - NPI-Q	$\Box 1$	□ 0		
B6 or B6S	Behavioral Assessment – GDS	\Box 1	□ 0		
B7 or B7S	Functional Assessment - FAQ	□ 1			

Center: 31

ADC Subject ID:

Form Date: / /

ADC Visit #:____

NOTE: This form is to be completed by clinic staff.

KEY: If the specified form was not completed, please enter one of the following codes:

95 = Physical problem 96 = Cognitive/behavior problem 97 = Other problem 98 = Verbal refusal

Form	Description	Subm Yes	nitted: No	If not submitted, specify reason (see Key)	Comments (provide if needed)
B8	Evaluation – Physical/Neurological Exam Findings	□ 1	□ 0		
В9	Clinician Judgment of Symptoms	REQU	IRED	n/a	n/a
C1 or C1S	MMSE and Neuropsychological Battery	REQU	IRED	n/a	n/a
DI	Clinician Diagnosis Cognitive Status and Dementia	REQU	IRED	n/a	n/a
E1	Imaging/Labs	REQU	IRED	n/a	n/a



NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS) – Initial Visit Packet

Form E1: Imaging/Labs

Center:	31	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date:/_	

NOTE: This form is to be completed by ADC or clinic staff. For additional clarification and examples, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Initial Visit Packet, Form E1.Check only <u>one</u> box per response category.

ADC Visit #:____

Digital image

No

 $\Box 0$

 $\Box 0$

 $\Box 0$

 $\Box 0$

 $\Box 0$

 $\Box 0$

 $\Box 0$

Examiner's initials:

Yes

 $\Box 1$

 \Box 1

 \Box 1

 \Box 1

 $\Box 1$

 $\Box 1$

 \Box 1

	Film		
	Yes	No	
1a.	□ 1		1b.
2a.	□ 1		2b.
3a.			3b.
4a.	□ 1	□ 0	4b.
5a.	\Box 1	□ 0	5b.
6a.	□ 1	□ 0	6b.
7a.	□ 1		7b.
	2a. 3a. 4a. 5a. 6a.	Yes 1a. 1 2a. 1 3a. 1 4a. 1 5a. 1 6a. 1	YesNo1a. \Box 1 \Box 02a. \Box 1 \Box 03a. \Box 1 \Box 04a. \Box 1 \Box 05a. \Box 1 \Box 06a. \Box 1 \Box 0

Specimens available at your ADC:		No
8. DNA	□ 1	
9. Cerebrospinal fluid – ante-mortem		□ 0
10. Serum/plasma	□ 1	
Genotyping results:		No
11. APOE genotype collected		$\Box 0$